



*Faculté des Sciences de Rabat*



*HydroSciences Montpellier*



*École Hassania des Travaux Publics*

# Characterization of weather types in Morocco for extreme situations of temperature

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*IV International WORKSHOP on HYDROLOGICAL EXTREMES*

*Cosenza*

*15–17/09/2011*

## Framework and aims

Climate change impact on the climate and water resources of the Bouregreg and Tensift watersheds

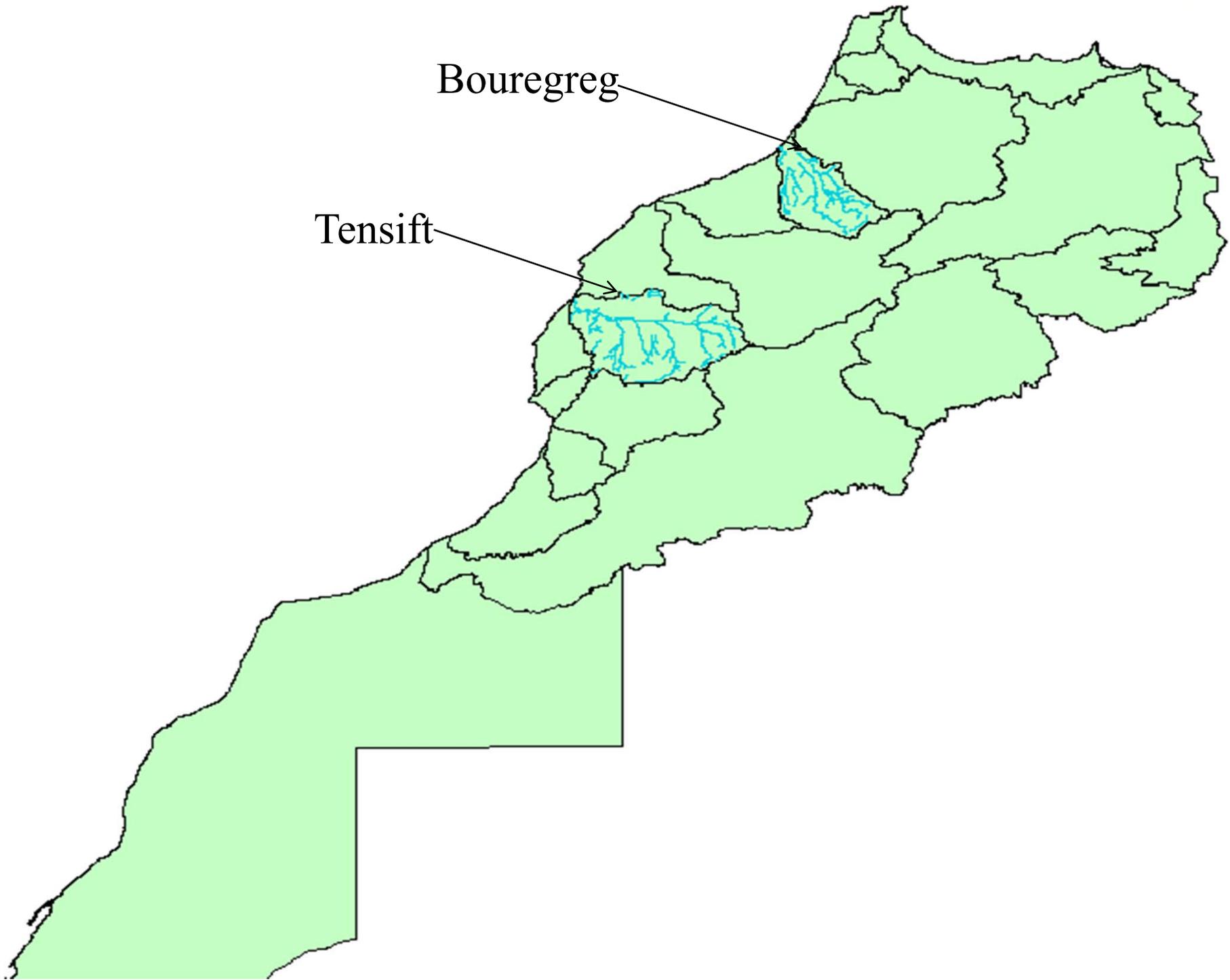


SIGMED project: Spatial approach of the impact of agricultural activities in the Maghreb on sediment transport and water resources in major watersheds

*Framework & aims* ►

*Data & Methodology*

*Results*



Bouregreg

Tensift



- Name: Bouregreg Basin
- Area: 9770 Km<sup>2</sup>
- Place: Rabat-Salé totally & Khemisset and Khenifra partly
- Topography: Mountains, Hills & Plateaus
- Climate: semi-arid

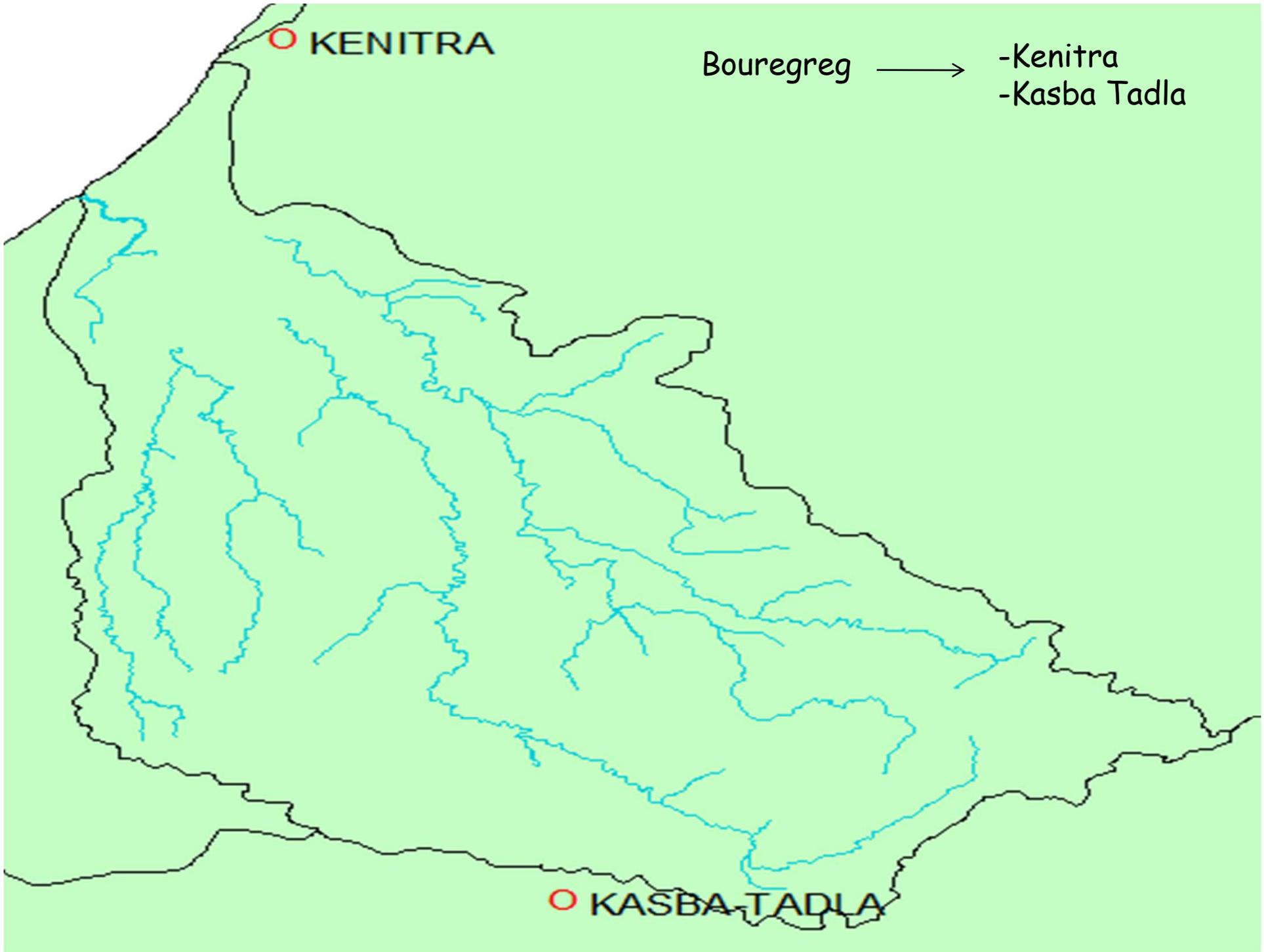


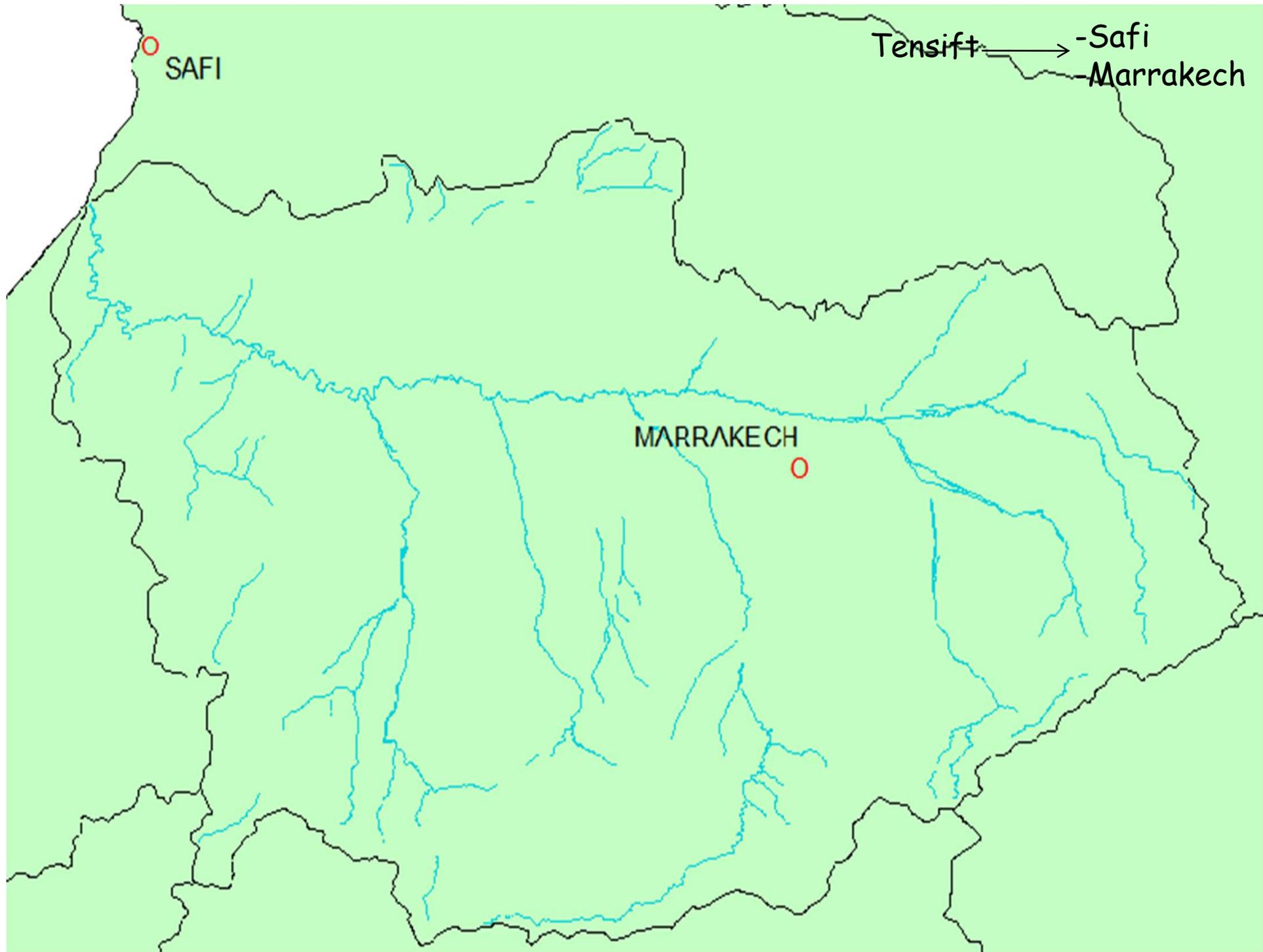
- Name: Tensift Basin
- Area: 19 800 Km<sup>2</sup>
- Place: Marrakech totally & Safi and Essaouira partly
- Topography: High Atlas, Houz plain & Jbilet (small mountains)
- Climate: arid

○ KENITRA

Bouregreg → -Kenitra  
-Kasba Tadla

○ KASBA-TADLA





## Data

- Daily Maximum Temperature
- Daily Mean Temperature
- Daily Minimum Temperature

- Kenitra (1951-2010)
- Kasba Tadla (1983-2010)
- Safi (1956-2010)
- Marrakech (1941-2010)

- Weather type maps

*Framework & aims*

*Data & Methodology* ►

*Results*

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## Methodology

1. The study of daily series evolution : annual scale
2. The study of daily series evolution : seasonal scale
3. The study of extreme events of temperature: daily maximum temperature of each 5 years
4. The study of extreme events of temperature each year during the 5 last years
5. The study of temperature extreme situation weather types in 2009

*Framework & aims*

*Data & Methodology* ►

*Results*

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# Results

## Temperature evolution

*Temperature evolution* ▶

*Extreme events*

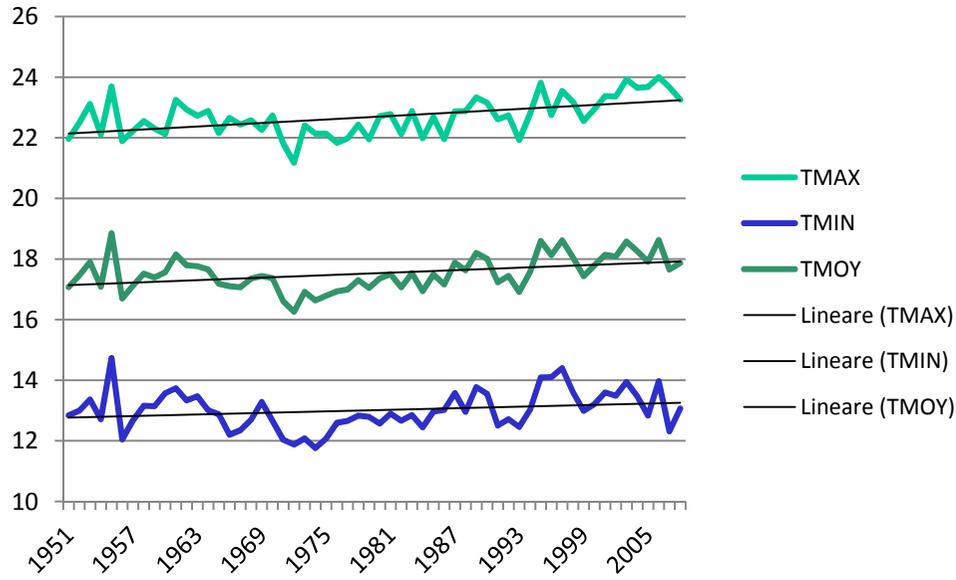
*Weather types*

Annual scale

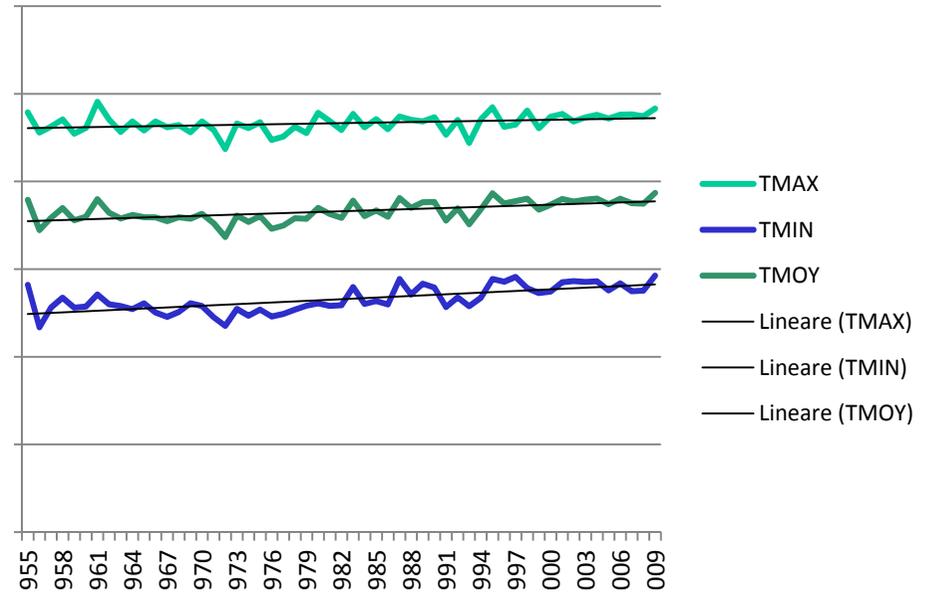
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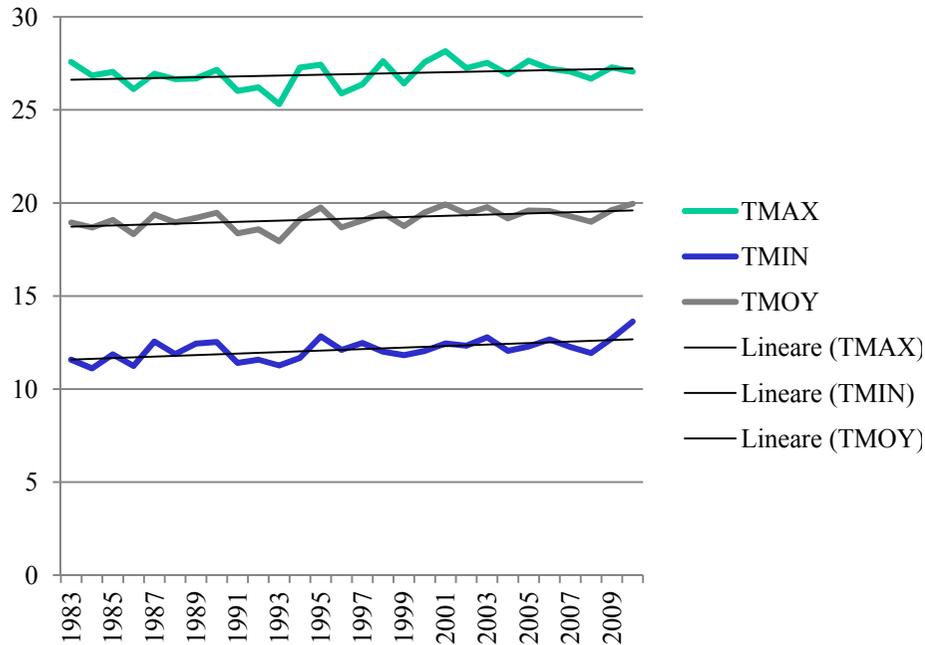
### Température Kenitra



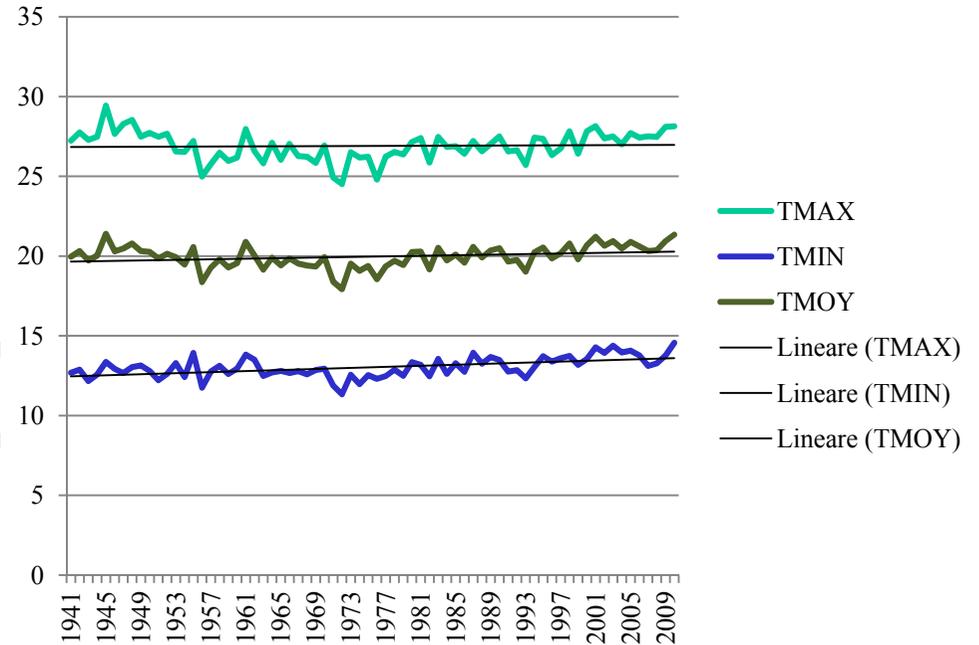
### Température Safi



### Température de Kasba Tadla



### Température Marrakech



# Results

## Temperature evolution

### Annual scale

Temperature evolution ►

Extreme events

Weather types

	Tmax	Tmin	Tmean
Kenitra	↗	↗	↗
Safi	↗	↗	↗
Kasba Tadla	—	↗	↗
Marrakech	—	↗	—

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### Seasonal scale

A dry month is a month that has an average rainfall in millimeters equal or less than twice its average temperature ( $P \leq 2T$ ). Bagnouls & Gausson (1953,1957).



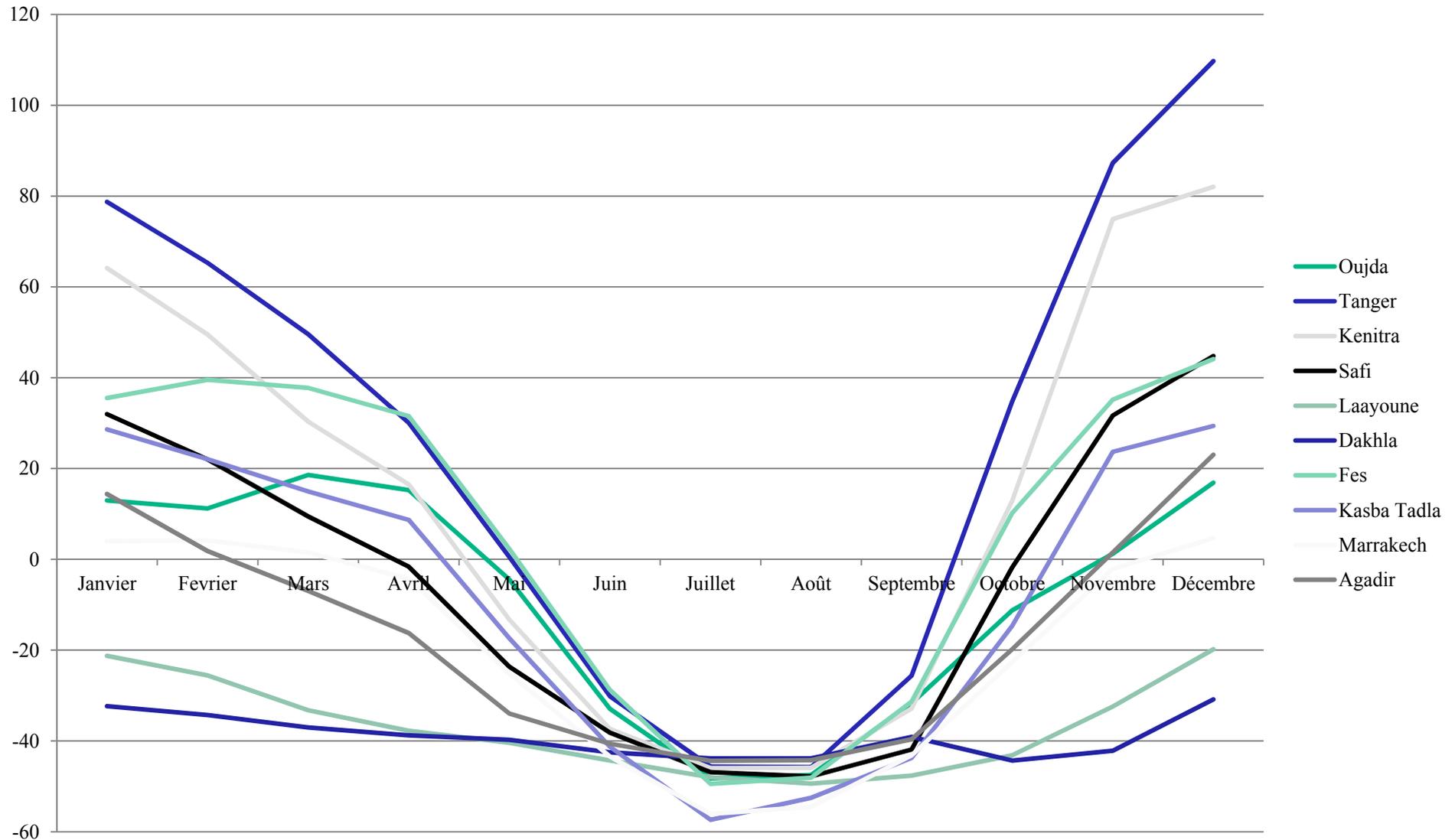
Climograph of 10 meteorological stations

*Temperature evolution* ▶

*Extreme events*

*Weather types*

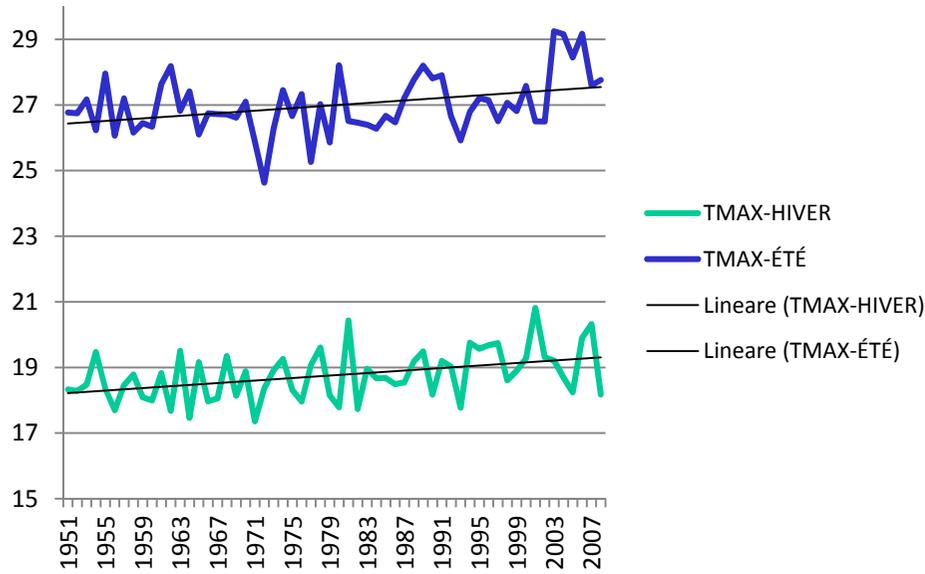
# Diagramme ombrothermique



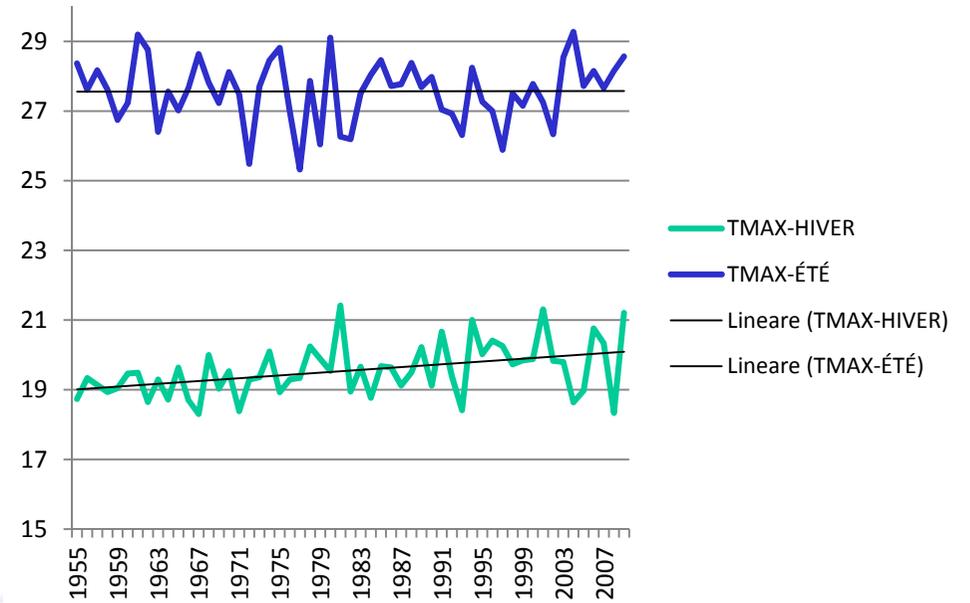
- Cold season: November, December, January, february

- Hot season: June, July, August, September

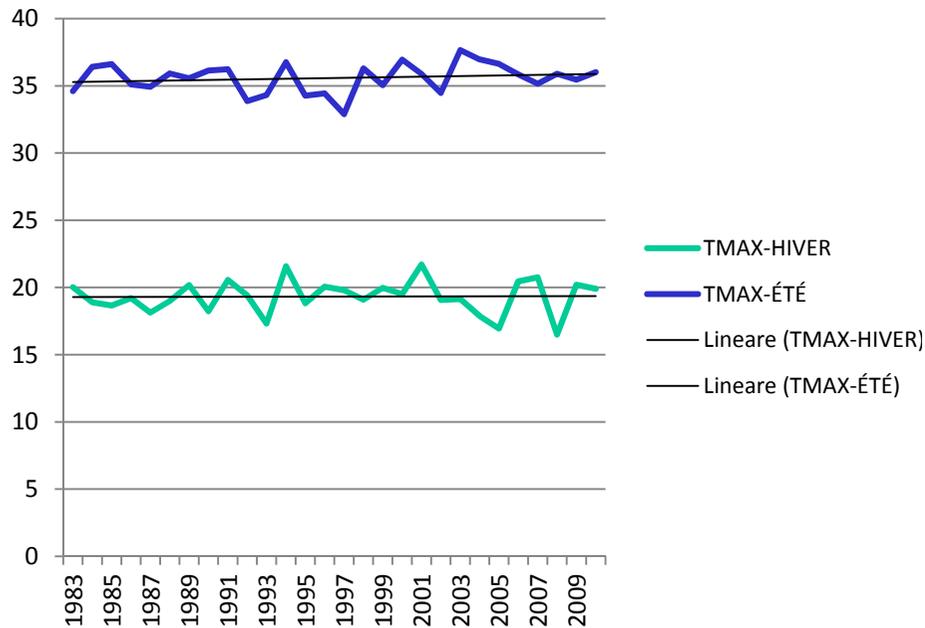
### Température maximale Safi



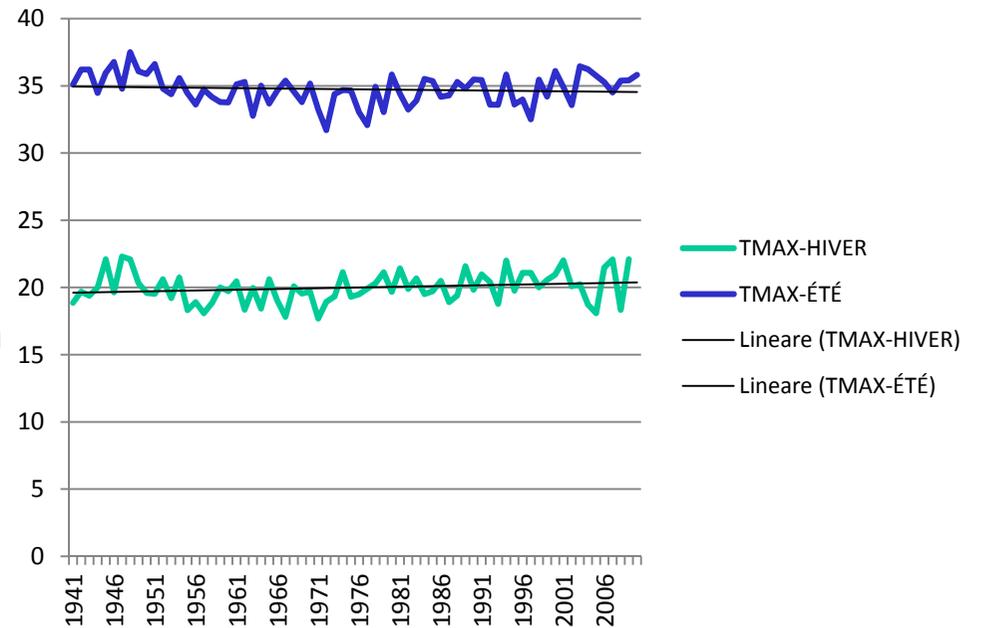
### Température maximale Safi



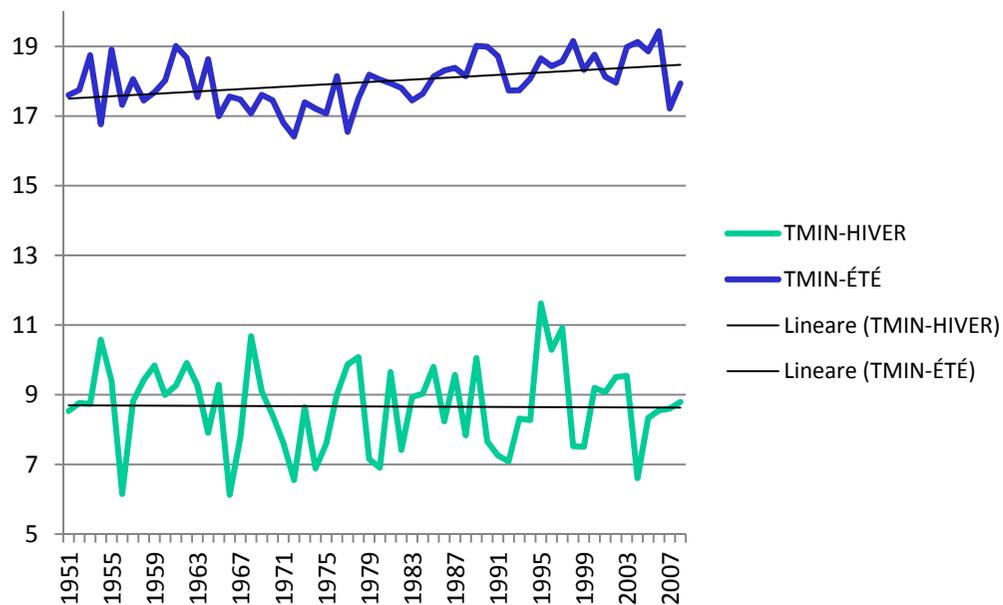
### Température maximale Kasba Tadla



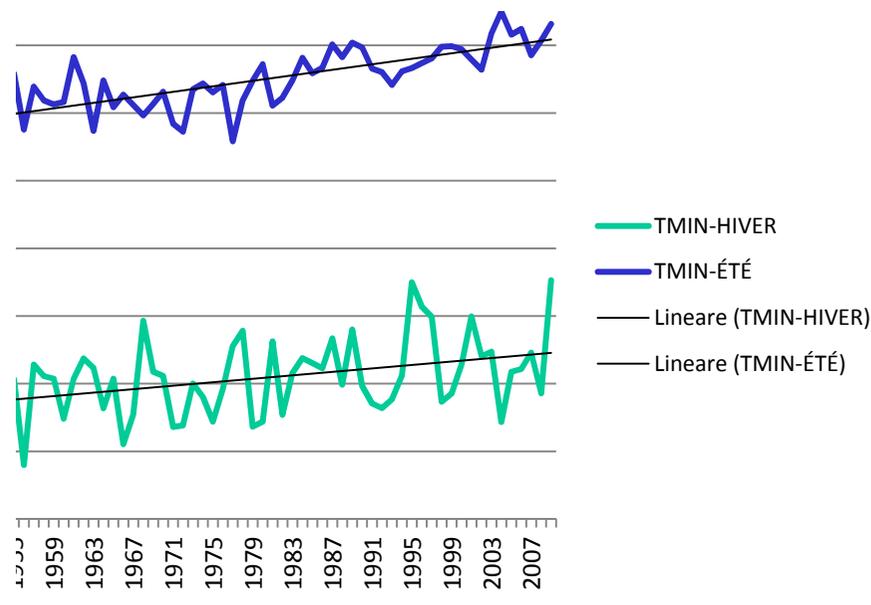
### Température maximale Marrakech



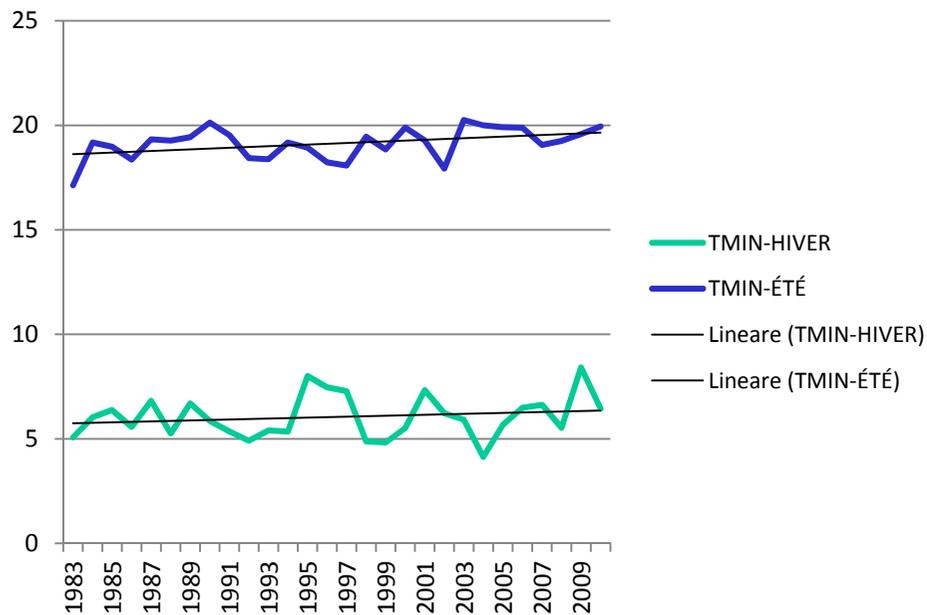
### Température minimale Kenitra



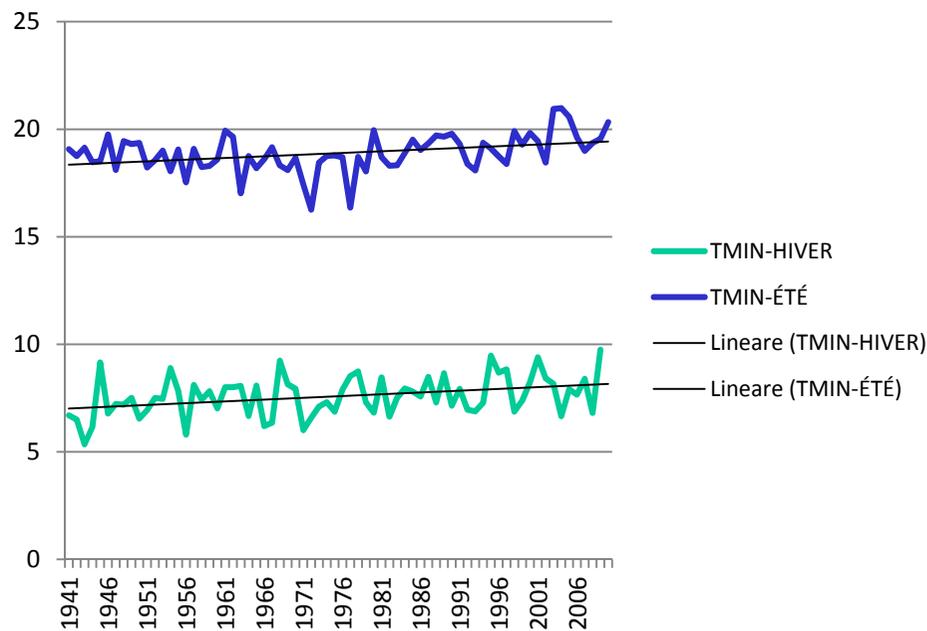
### Température minimale Safi



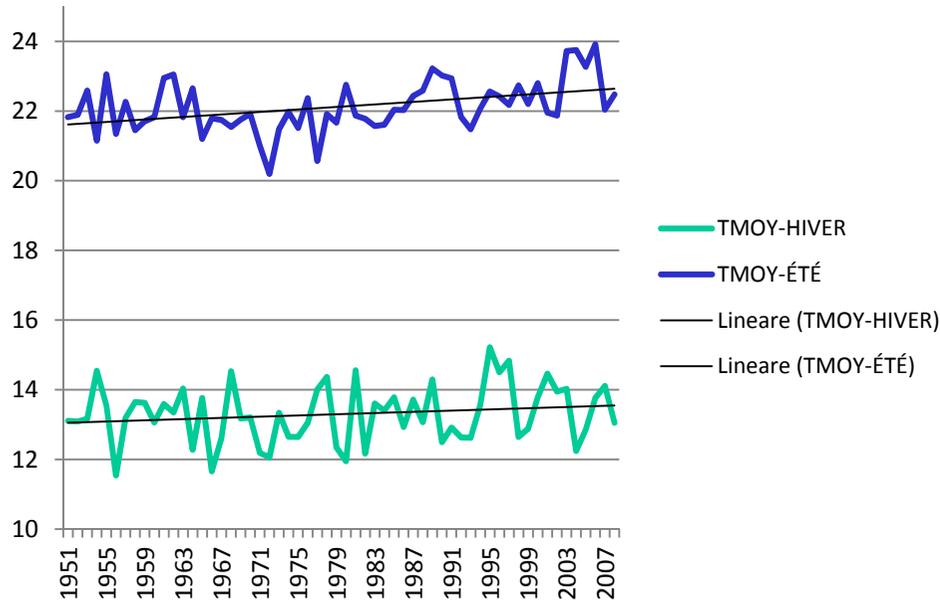
### Température minimale Kasba Tadla



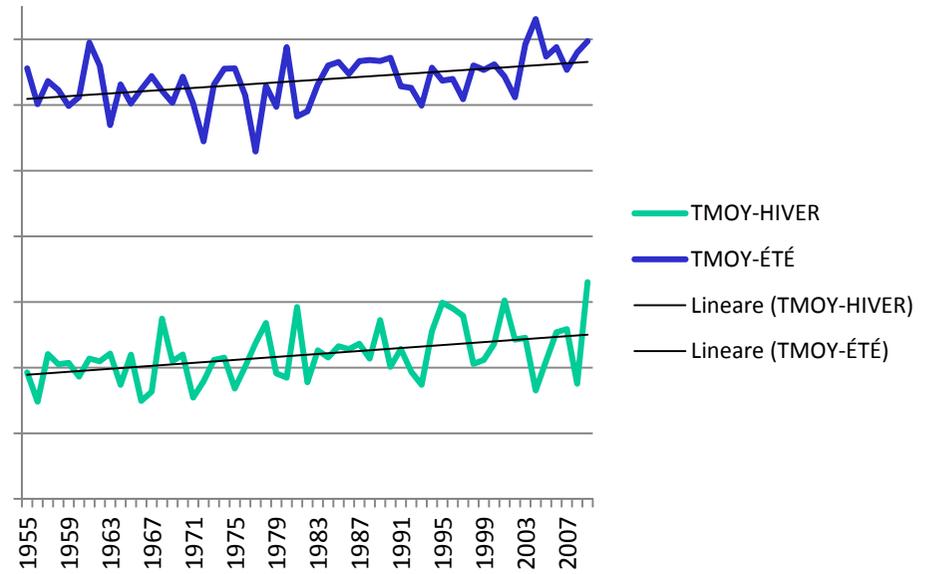
### Température minimale Marrakech



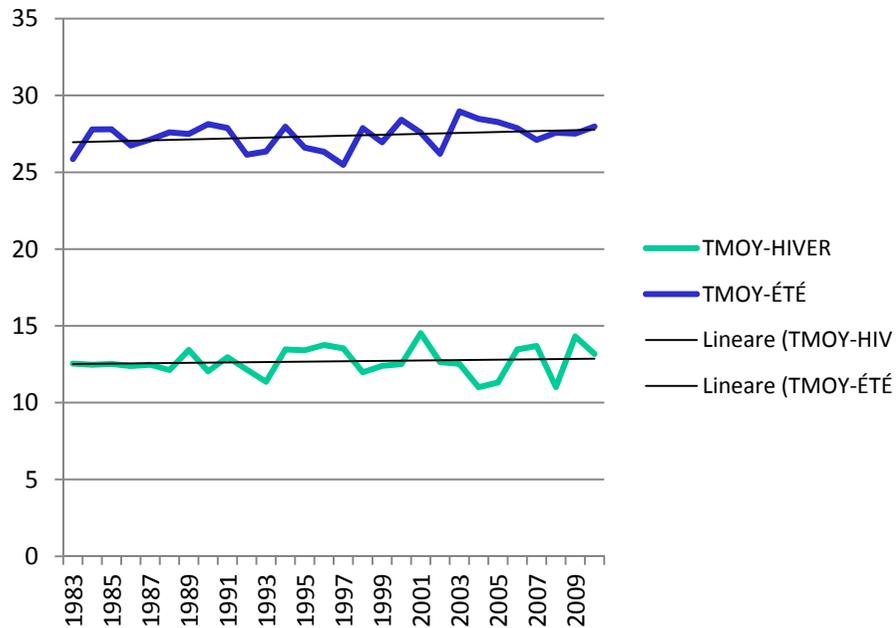
### Température moyenne Kenitra



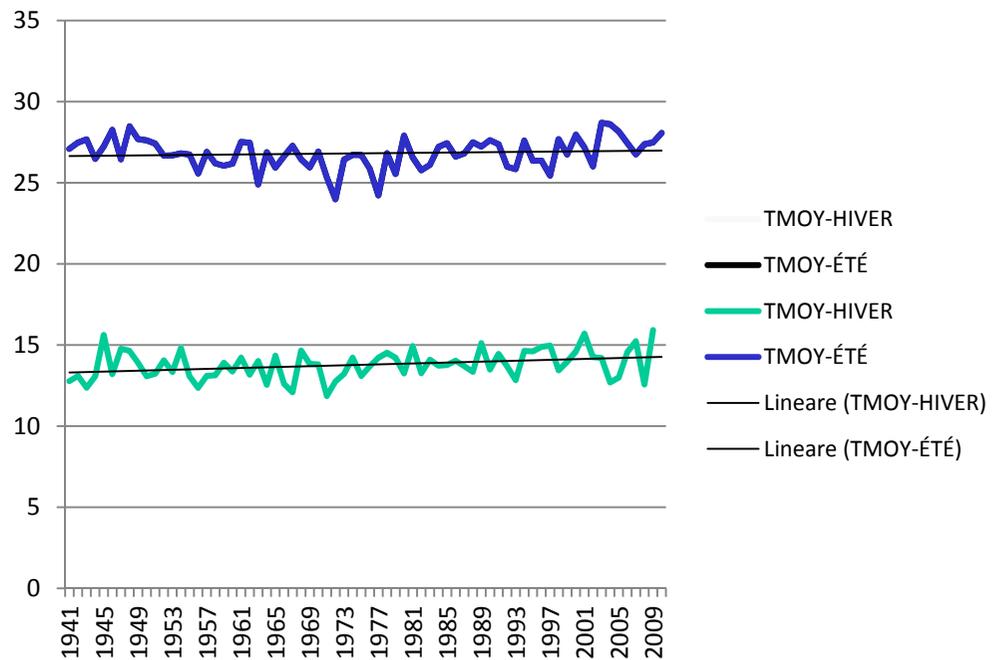
### Température moyenne Safi



### Température moyenne Kasba Tadla



### Température moyenne Marrakech



# Results

## Temperature evolution

### Seasonal scale

Temperature evolution ►

Extreme events

Weather types

	Tmax		Tmin		Tmean	
	Cold	Warm	Cold	Warm	Cold	Warm
Kenitra	↗	↗	—	↗	↗	↗
Safi	↗	—	↗	↗	↗	↗
Kasba Tadla	—	—	—	↗	—	↗
Marrakech	—	—	↗	↗	↗	—

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## Extreme events

The study of seasonal events of maximal temperature using percentile calculation during each 5 years.

The percentiles used are: the 95th and the 99th.

Rare extreme events

Very rare extreme events

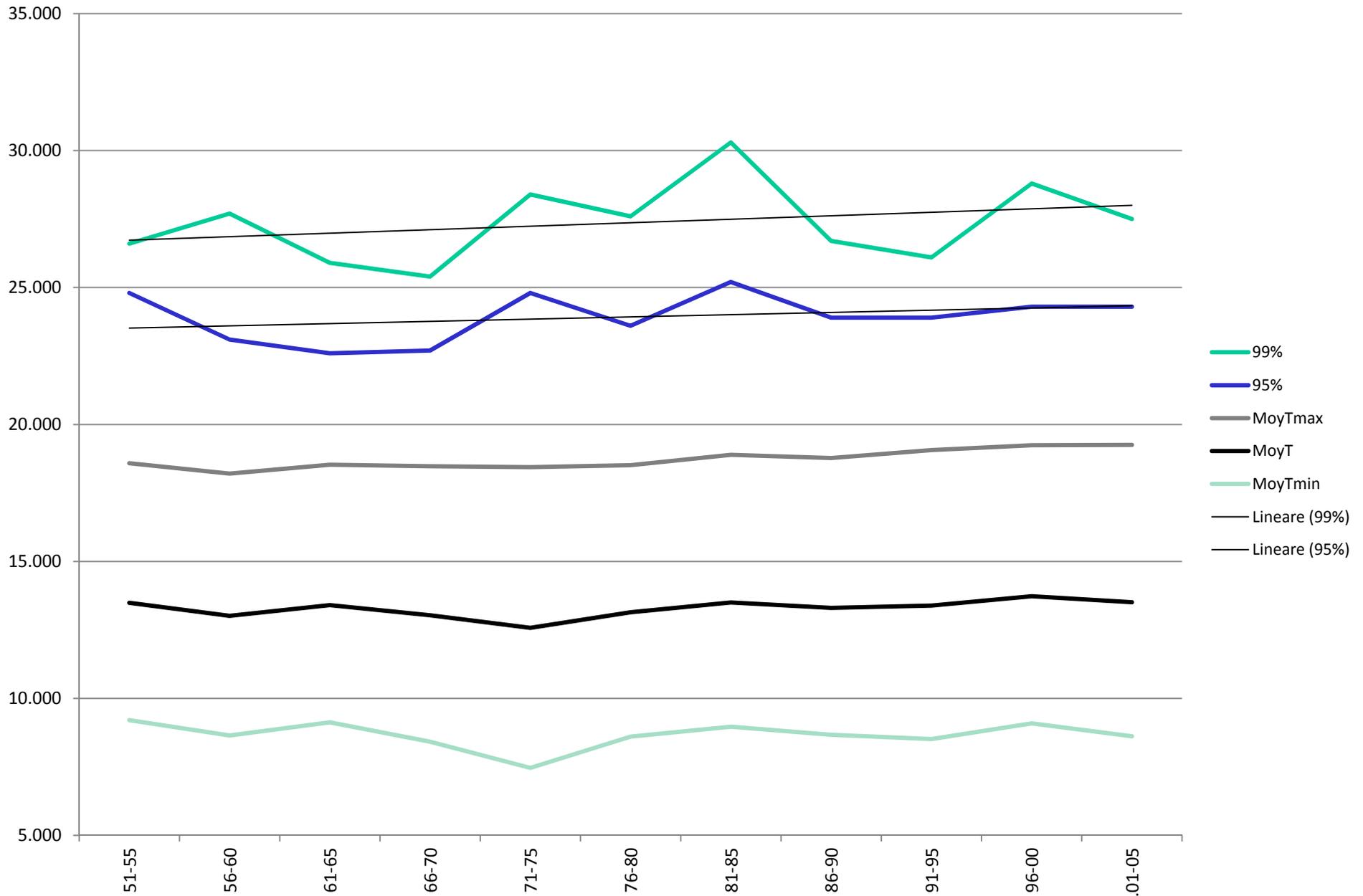
$95^{\text{th}} \leq \text{Days Tmax} < 99^{\text{th}}$

$99^{\text{th}} \leq \text{Days Tmax}$

A rare (very rare) extreme event of 2, 3, 4, ... days is a sequence of 2, 3, 4, ... rare (very rare) events of one day.

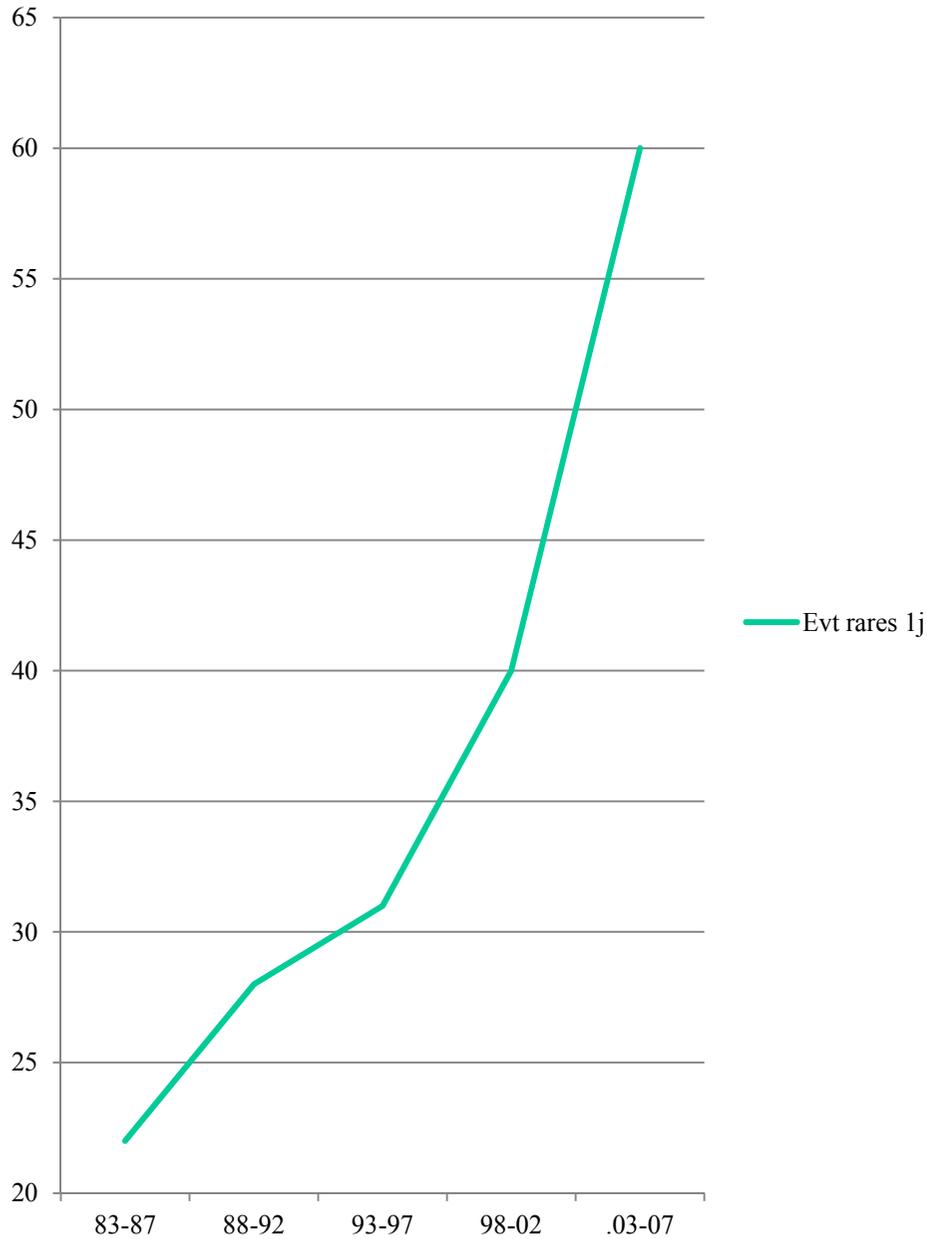
# Evolution of percentiles : Cold season

## Percentile Kenitra - Froide

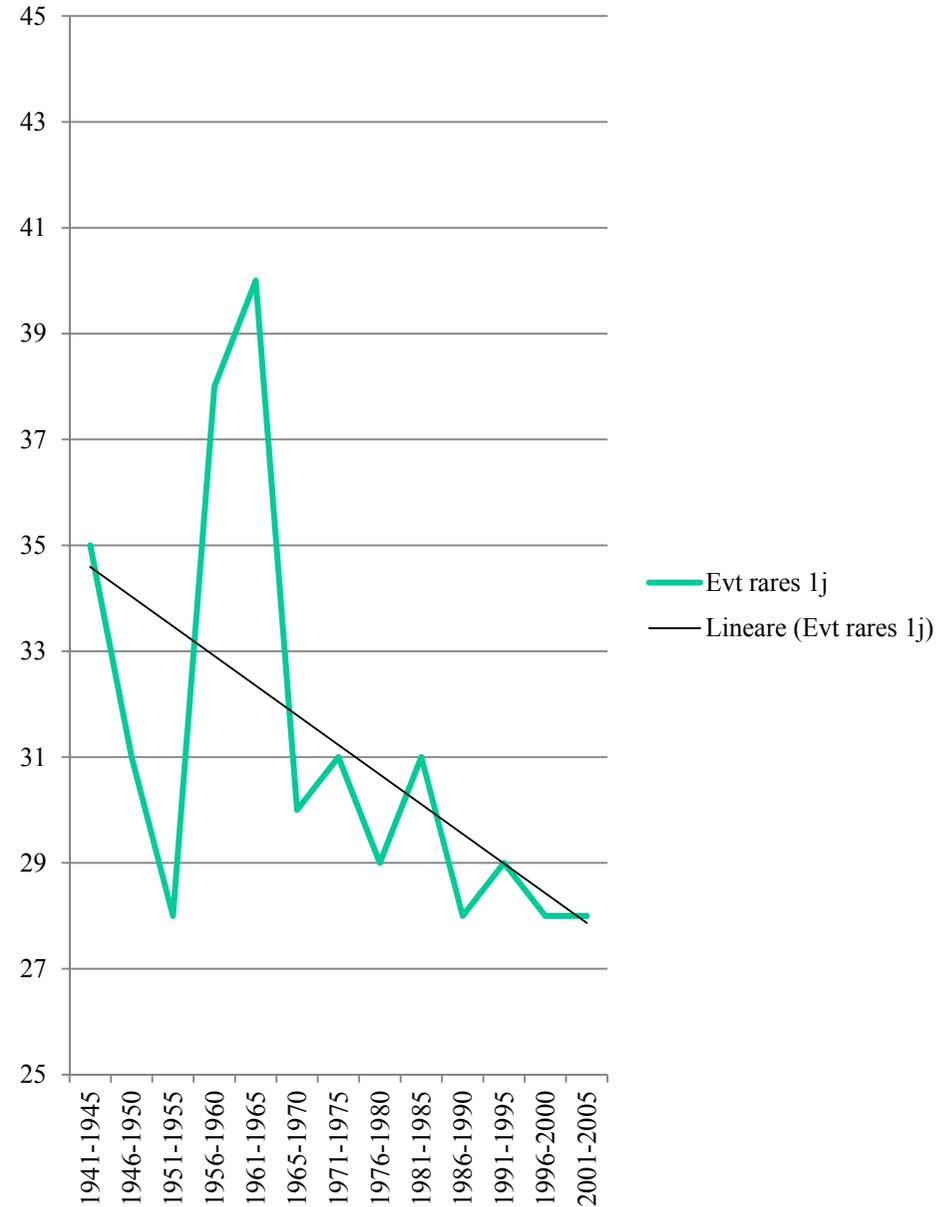


# Evolution of 1 day rare extreme events : cold season

## Evt rares 1j Kasba Tadla - Froide

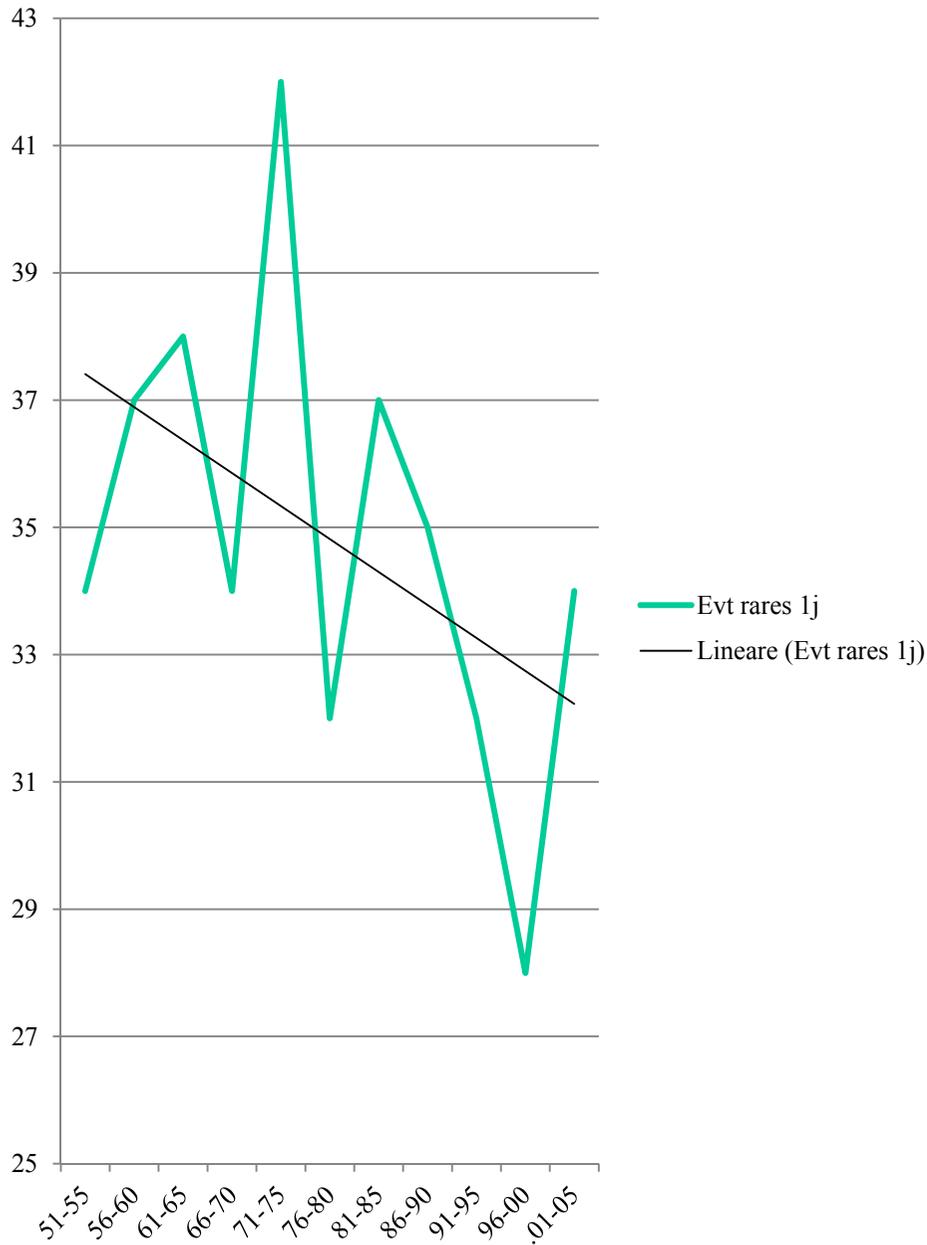


## Evt rares 1j Marrakech - Froide

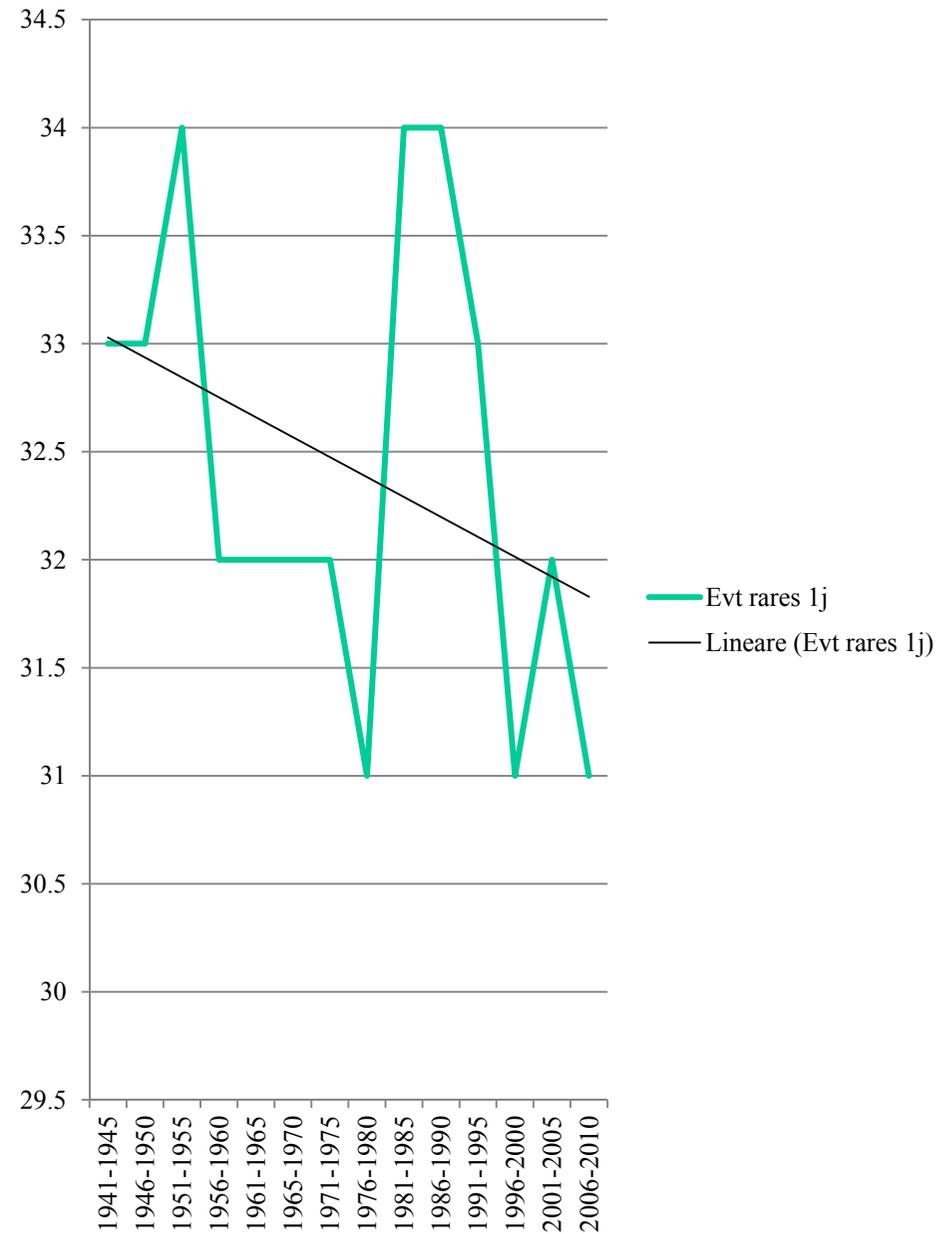


# Evolution of 1 day rare extreme events : Hot season

## Evt rares 1j kenitra - Chaude



## Evt rares 1j Marrakech - Chaude

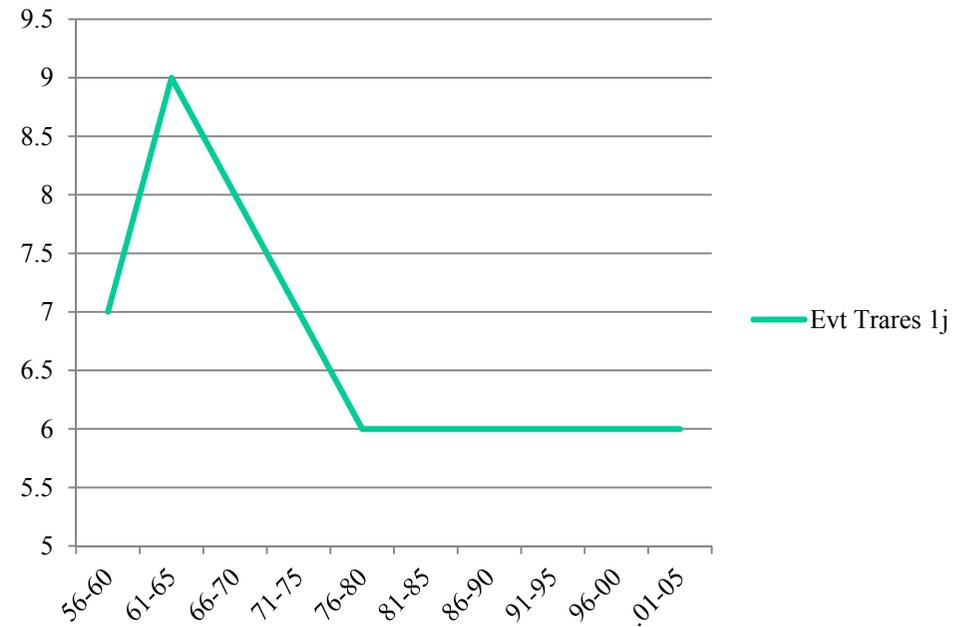


# Evolution of 1 day very rare extreme events : cold season

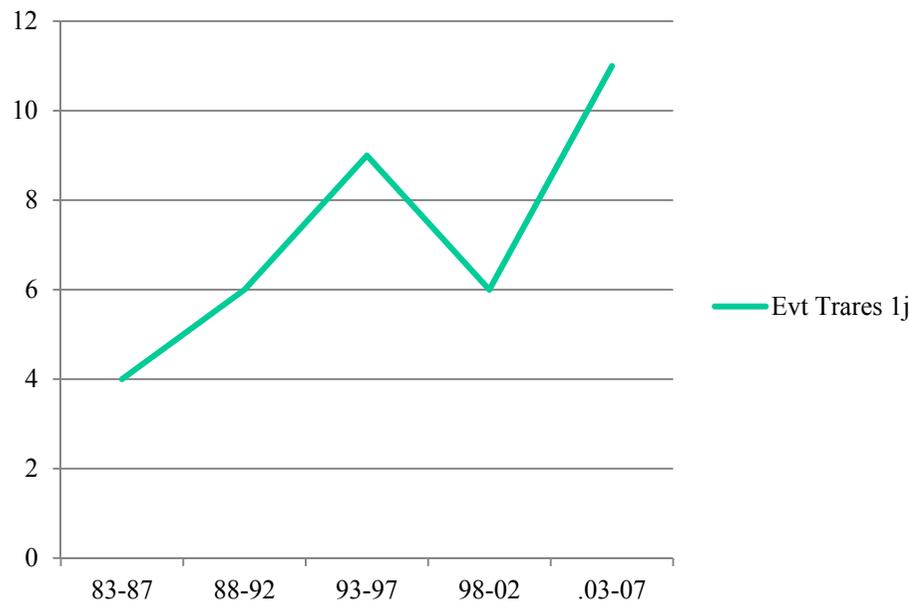
## Evt Trares 1j Kenitra - froide



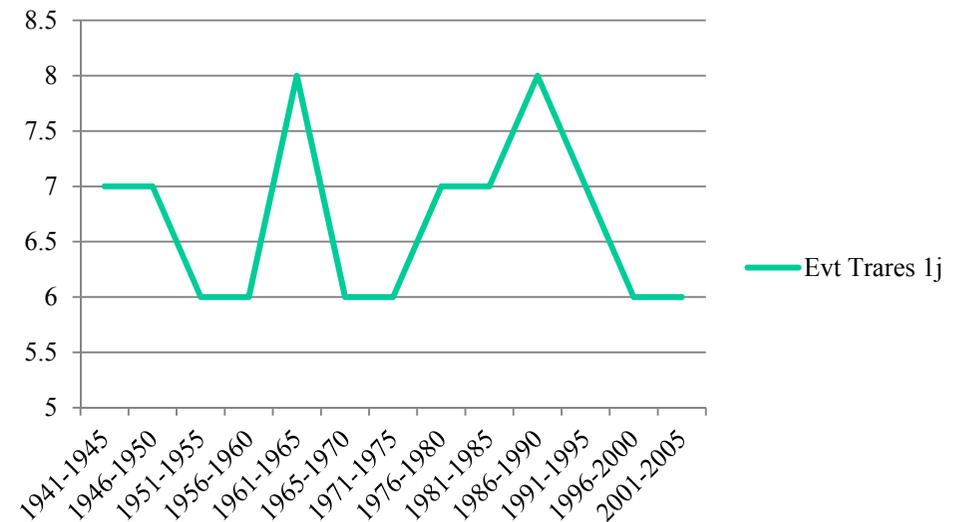
## Evt Trares 1j Safi - Froide



## Evt Trares 1j Kasba Tadla - Froide

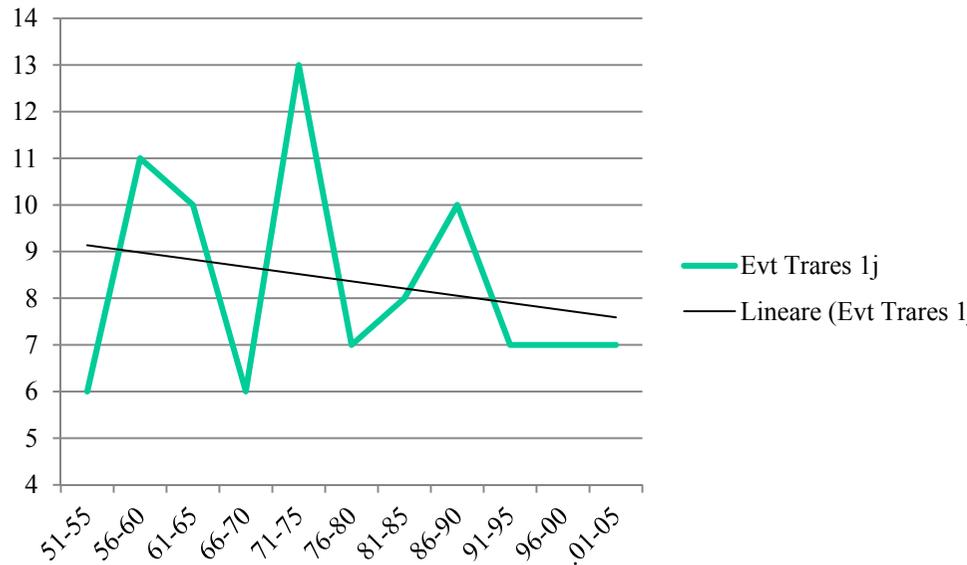


## Evt Trares 1j Marrakech - Froide

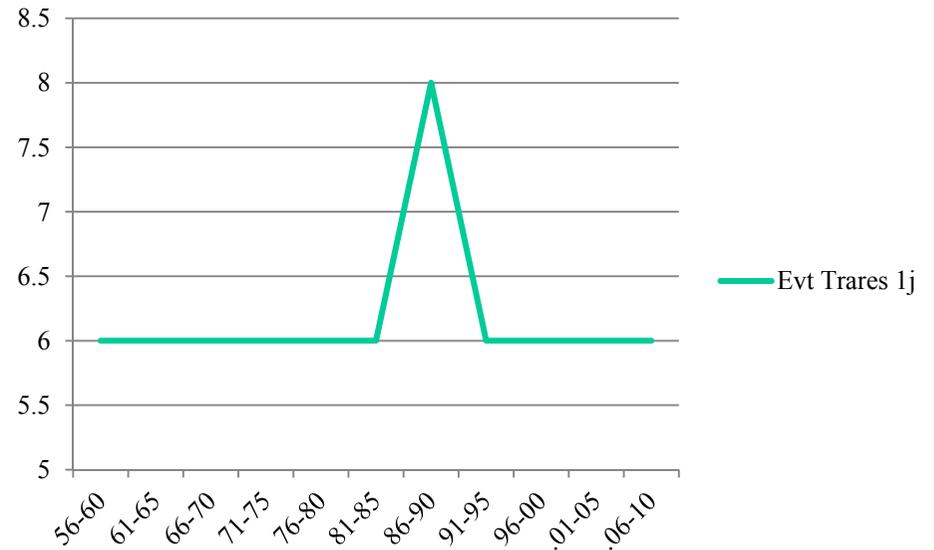


# Evolution of 1 day very rare extreme events : Hot season

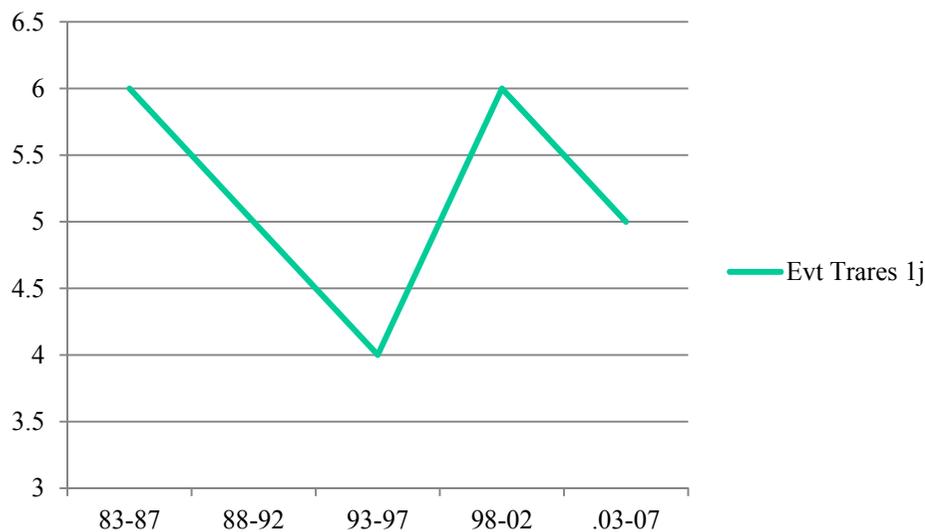
## Evt Trares 1j Kenitra - Chaude



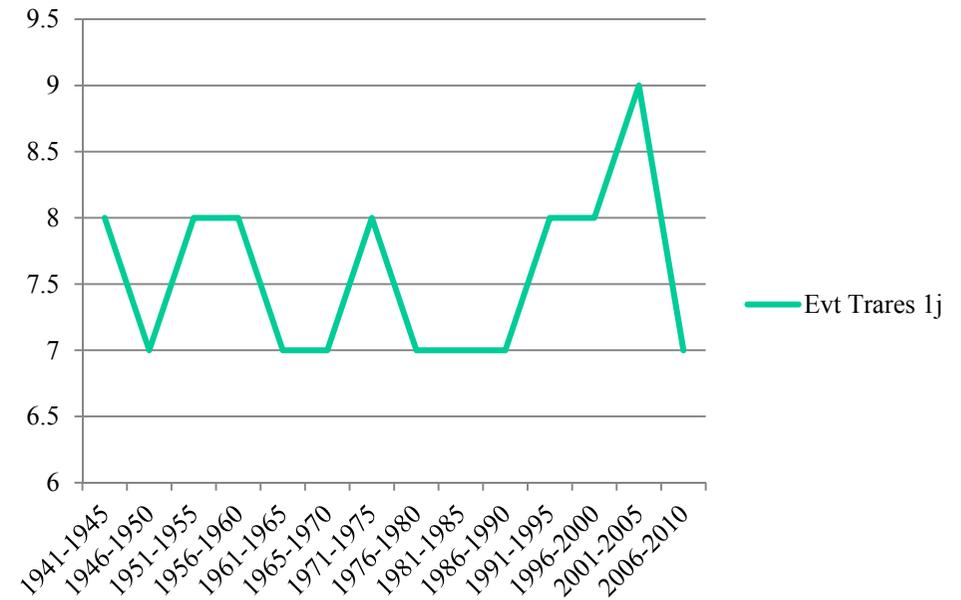
## Evt Trares 1j Safi - Chaude



## Evt Trares 1j Kasba Tadla - Chaude



## Evt Trares 1j Marrakech - Chaude



# Results

## Extreme events

*Temperature evolution*

*Extreme events* ▶

*Weather types*

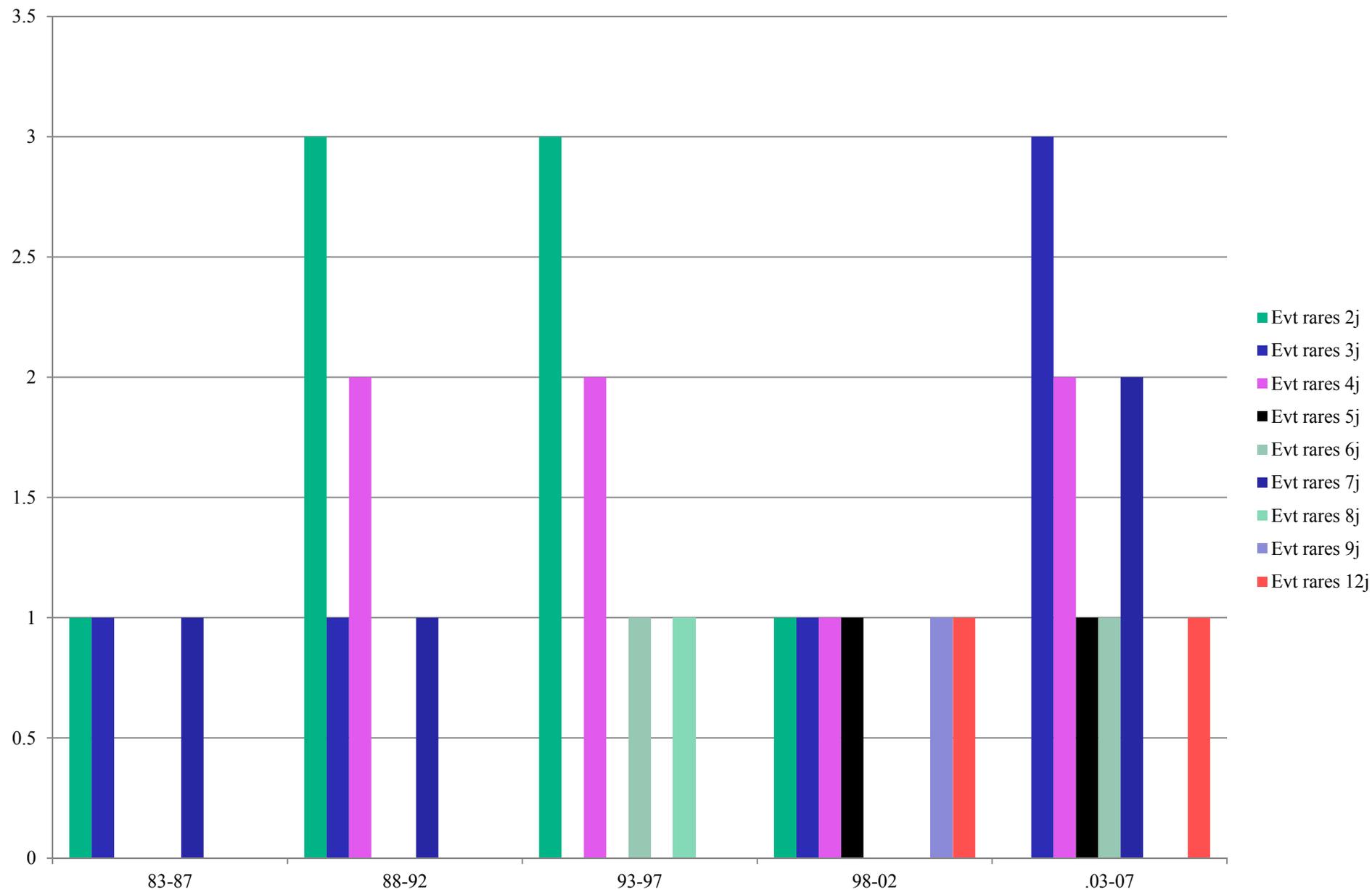
	1day rare extreme event		1day very rare extreme event	
	Cold	Warm	Cold	Warm
Kenitra	—	—	—	↘
Safi	↘	—	—	—
Kasba Tadla	↗	—	—	—
Marrakech	↘	—	↘	—

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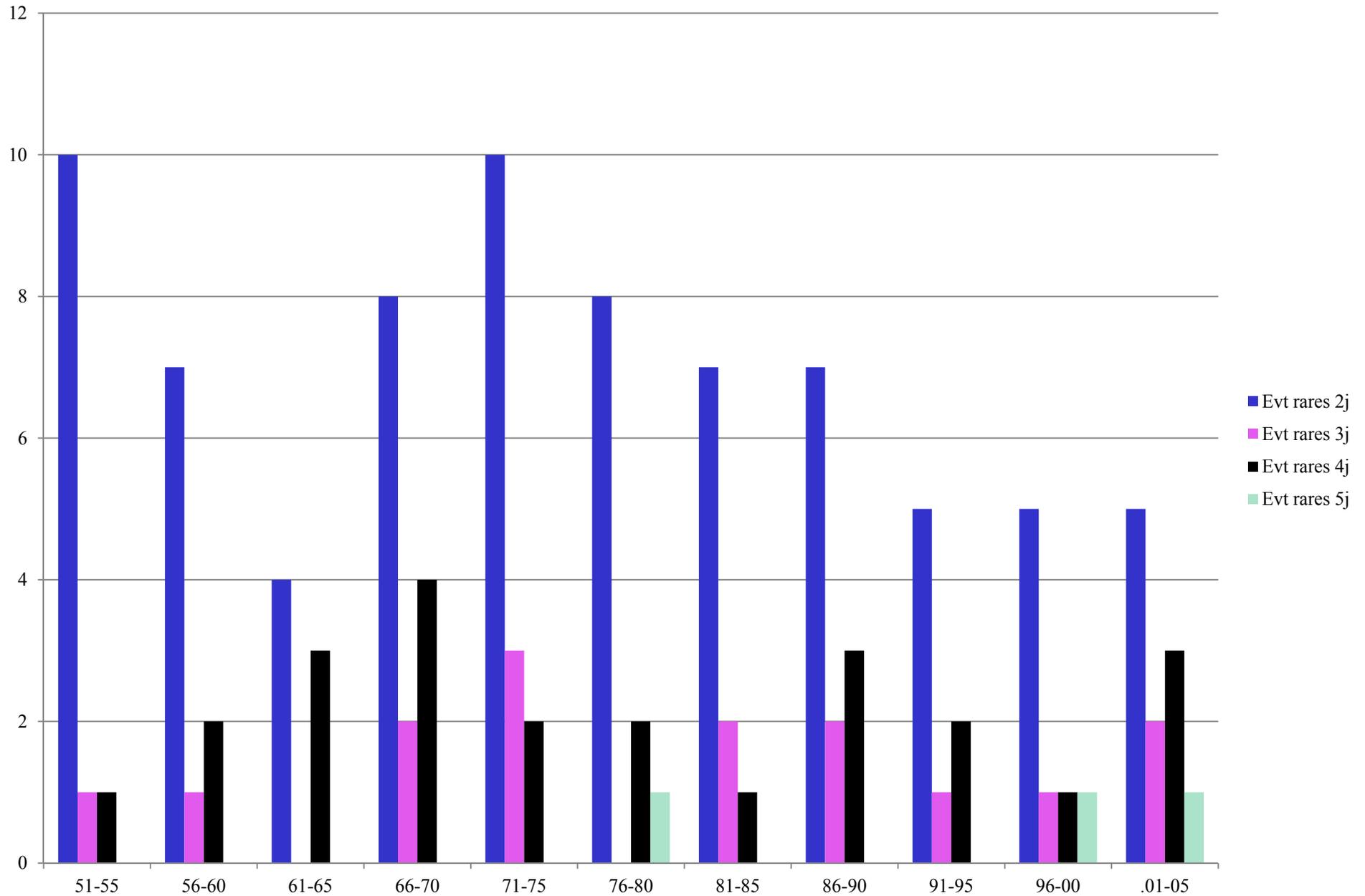
# Evolution of more than 1 day rare extreme events : cold season

## Evt rares > 1j Kasba Tadla - Froide



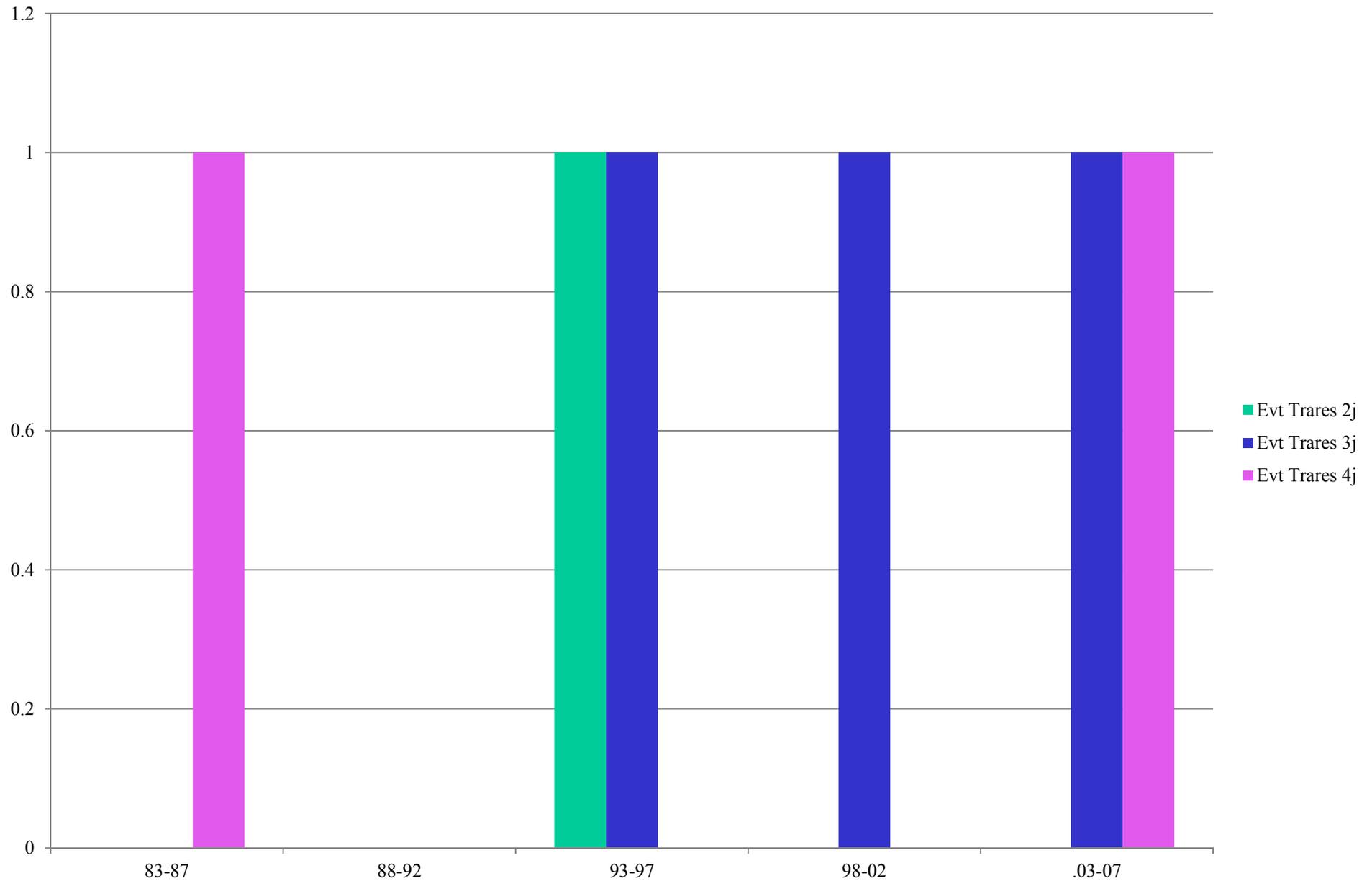
# Evolution of more than 1day rare extreme events : Hot season

## Evt rares > 1j Kenitra - Chaude



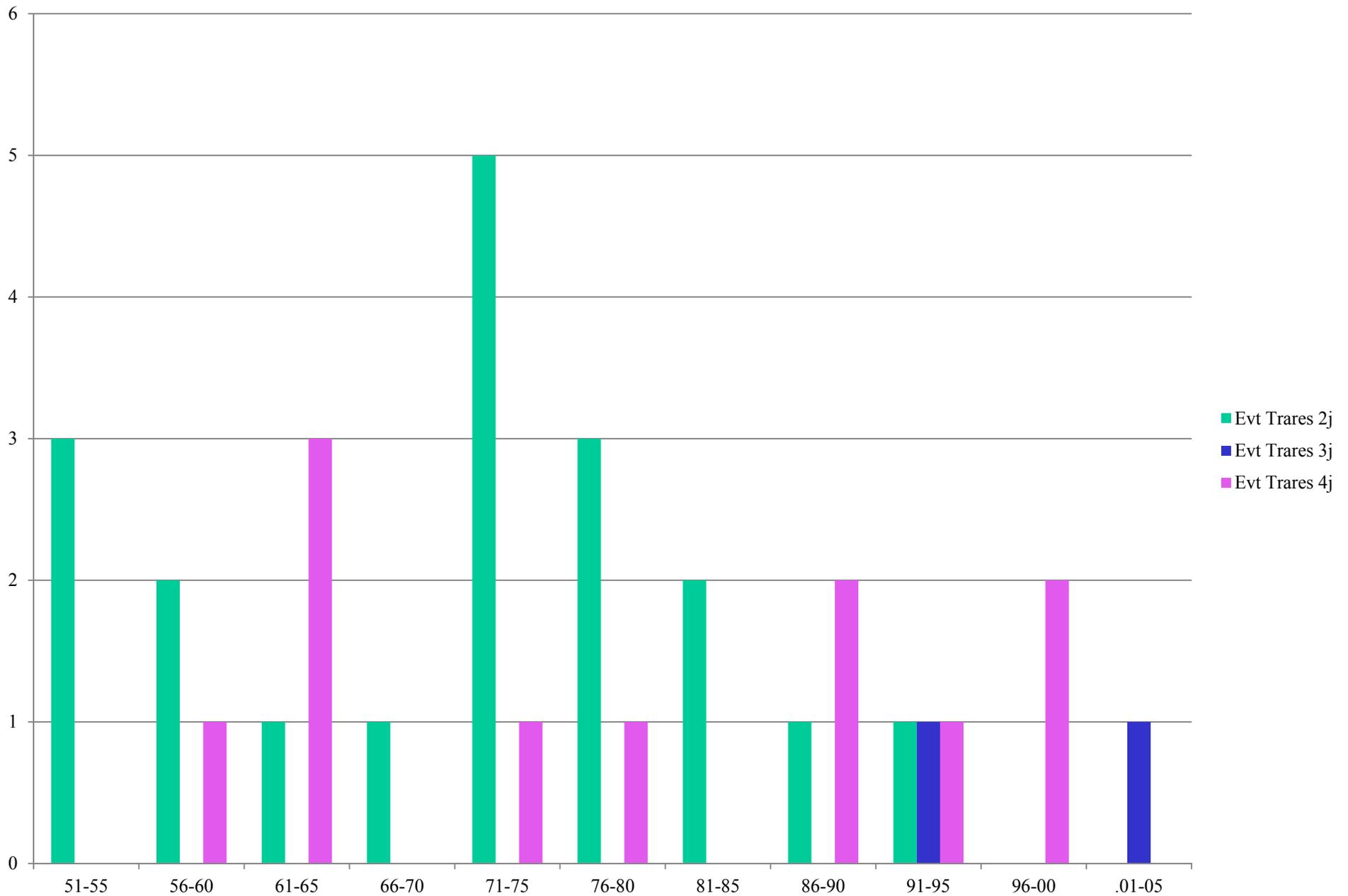
# Evolution of more than 1 day very rare extreme events : cold season

## Evt Trares > 1j Kasba Tadla - Froide



# Evolution of more than 1 day very rare extreme events : Hot season

## Evt Trares > 1j kenitra - Chaude



## Extreme events

### More than 1 day rare events evolution:

- Decrease of 2 Days extreme events in both seasons
- Increase of 3 & 4 Days extreme events in both seasons
- Apparition of longer rare events: 11D (Safi) & 12D (Kasba Tadla)

*Temperature evolution*

*Extreme events* ▶

*Weather types*

## Extreme events

The study of seasonal events of maximal temperature using percentile calculation during each year between 2005 and 2010.

The percentiles used are: the 95th and the 99th.

Rare extreme events

Very rare extreme events

$95^{\text{th}} \leq \text{Days Tmax} < 99^{\text{th}}$

$99^{\text{th}} \leq \text{Days Tmax}$

A rare (very rare) extreme event of 2, 3, 4, ... days is a sequence of 2, 3, 4, ... rare (very rare) events of one day.

# Results

*Temperature evolution*

*Extreme events*

*Weather types* ▶

## Weather types

**16 weather types  
in Morocco**



**Summer Circulation**

**Winter Circulation**

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# Results

## Weather types

Summer Circulation

Regime of East :  
Chergui

Ridge axis  
on  
Morocco

Summer  
Circulation  
and close  
periodes

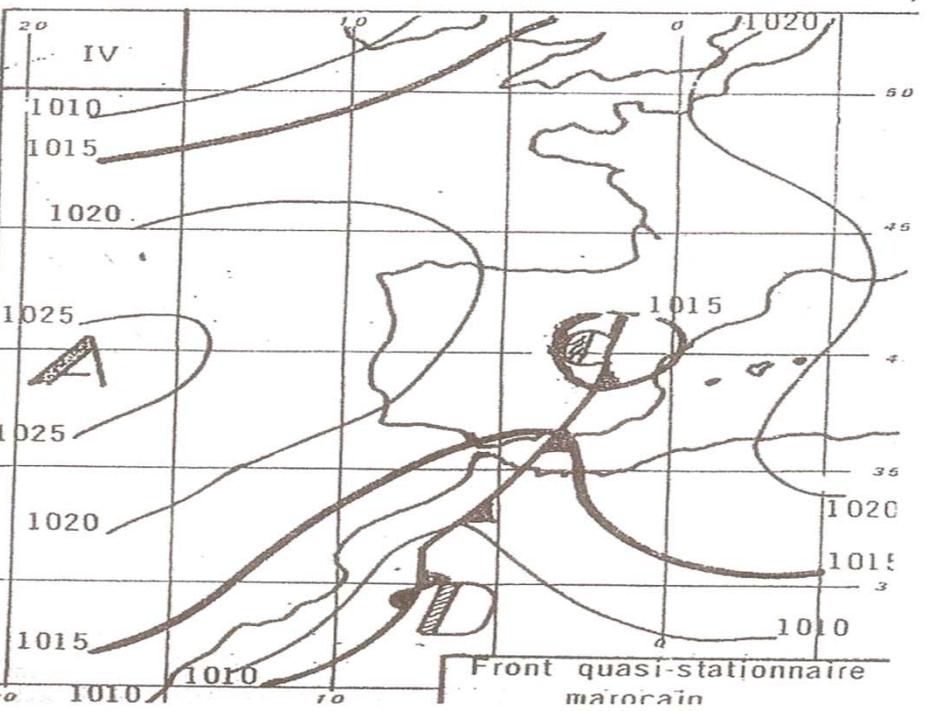
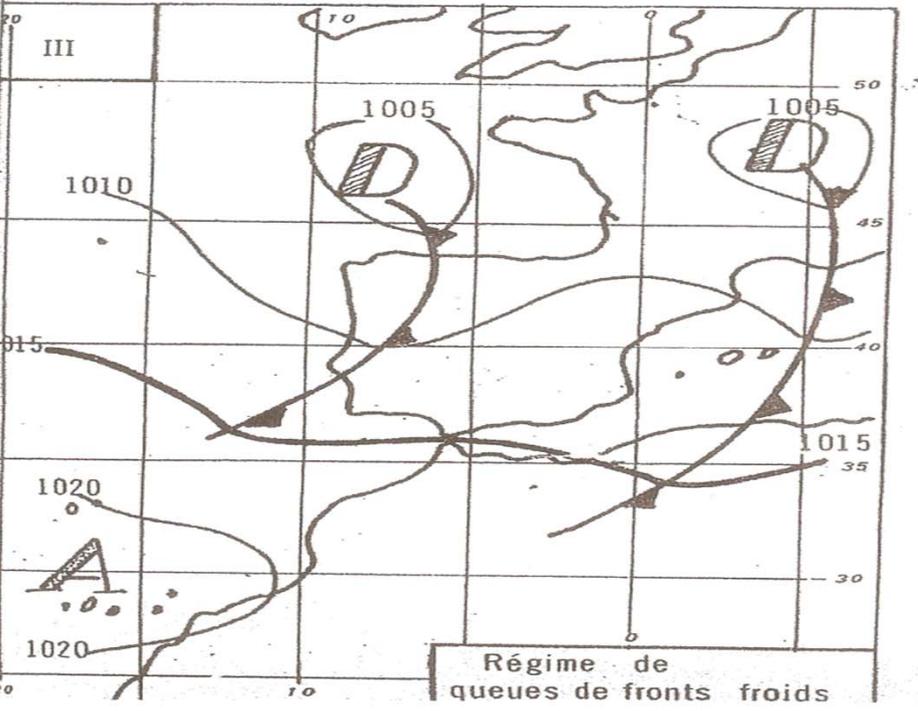
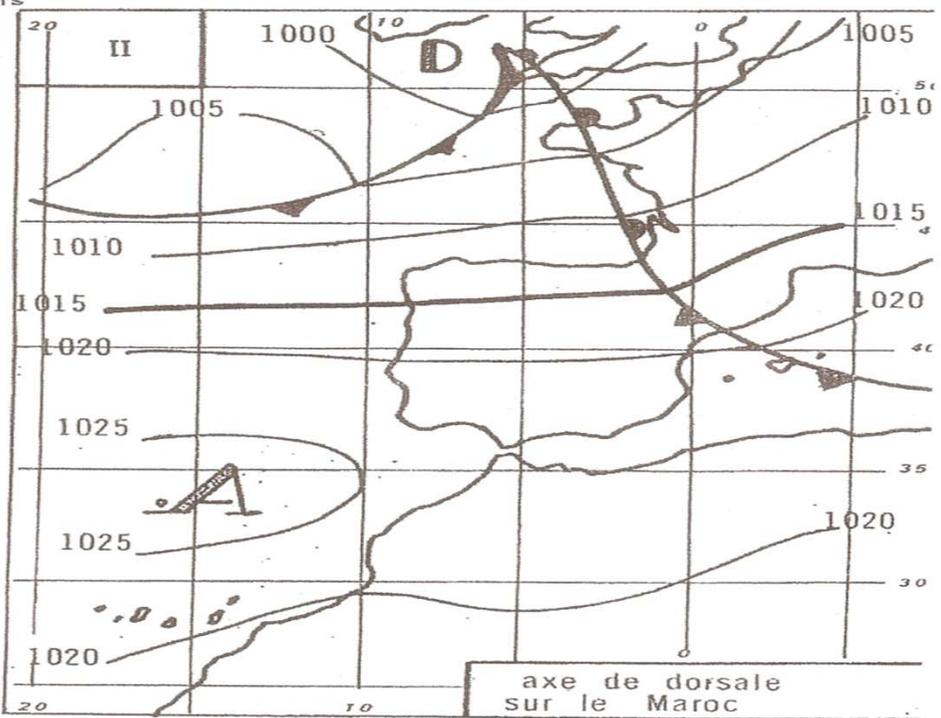
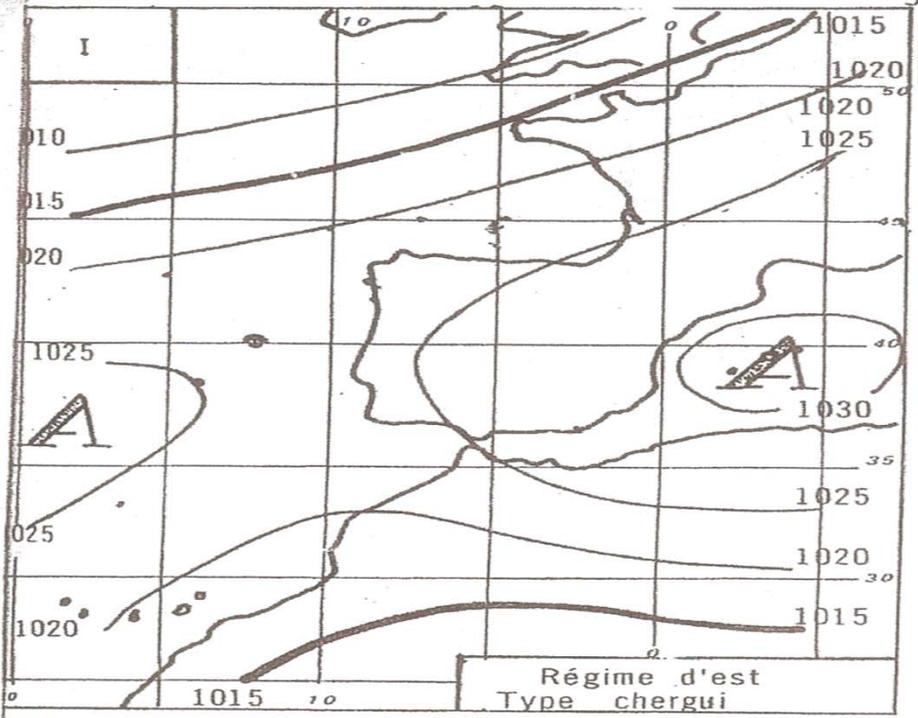
Mauritania  
n slow  
perturbatio  
n

Cold tails  
front  
regimes

Moroccan  
quasi-  
stationary  
front

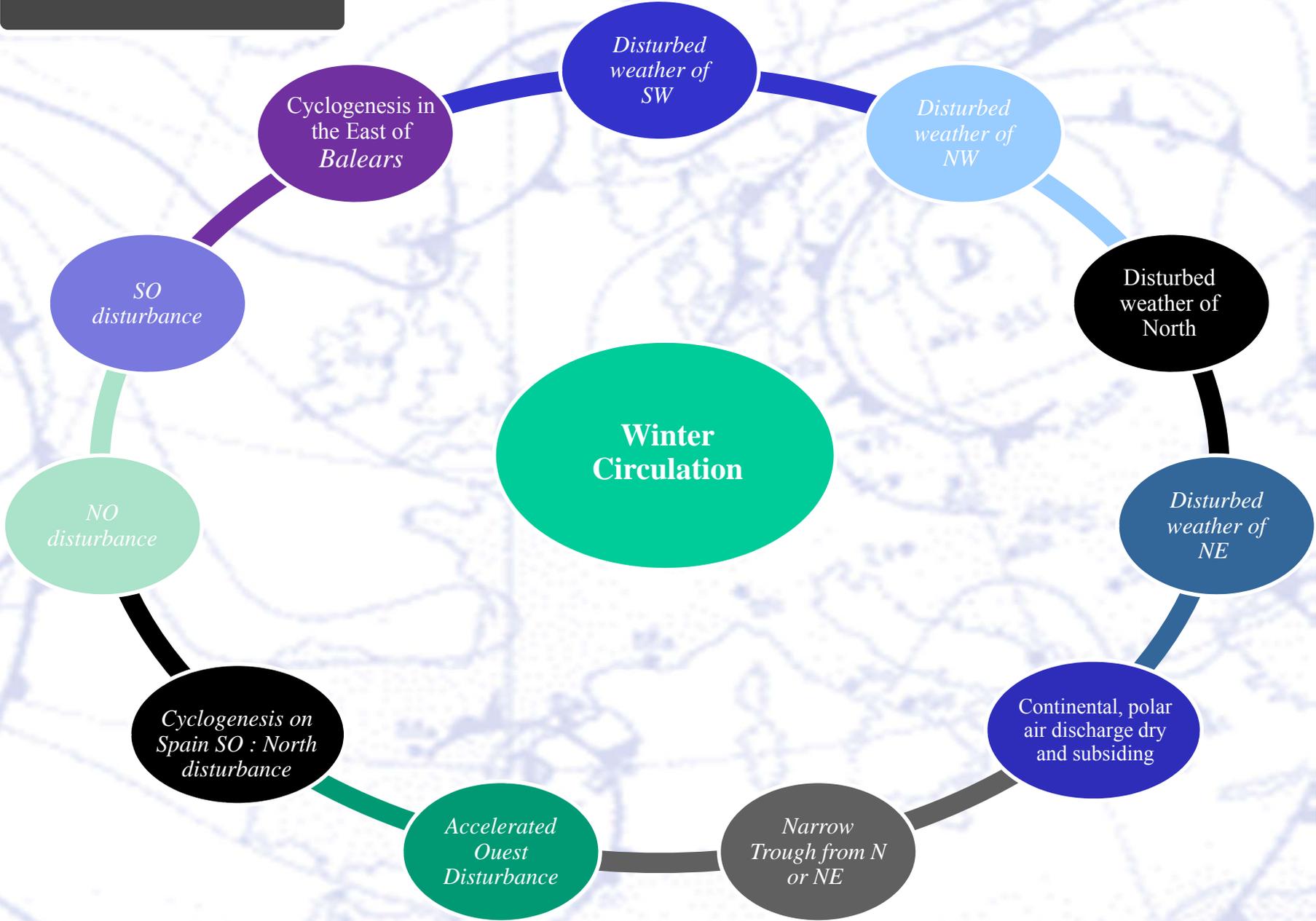
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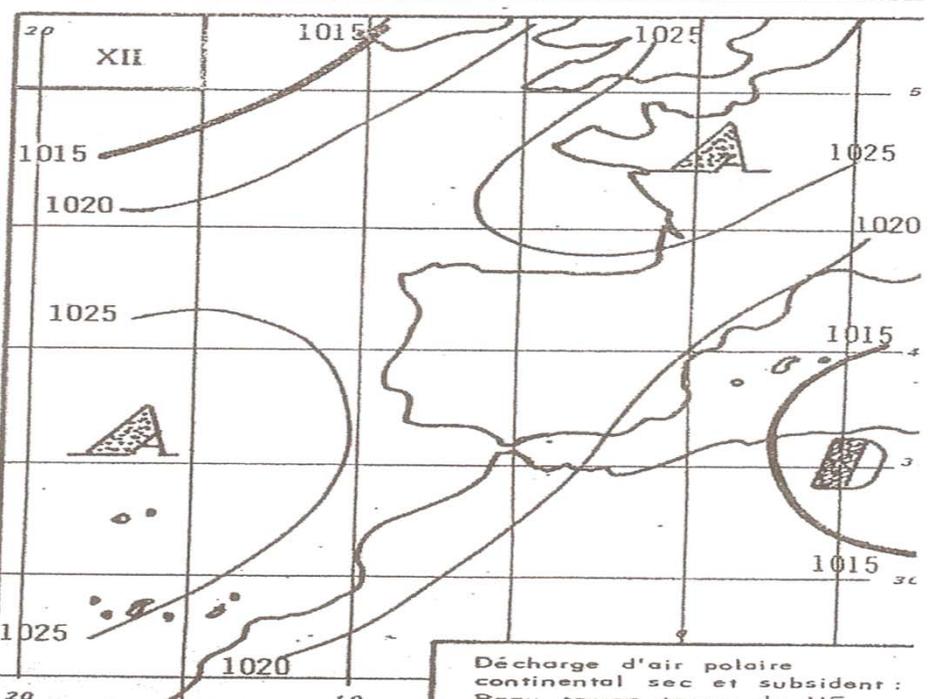
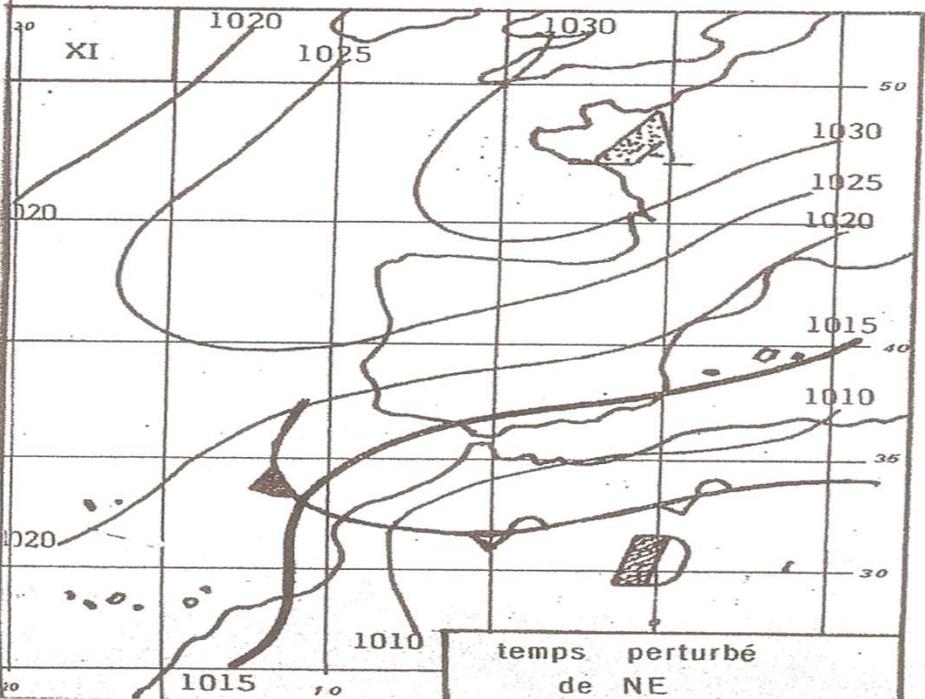
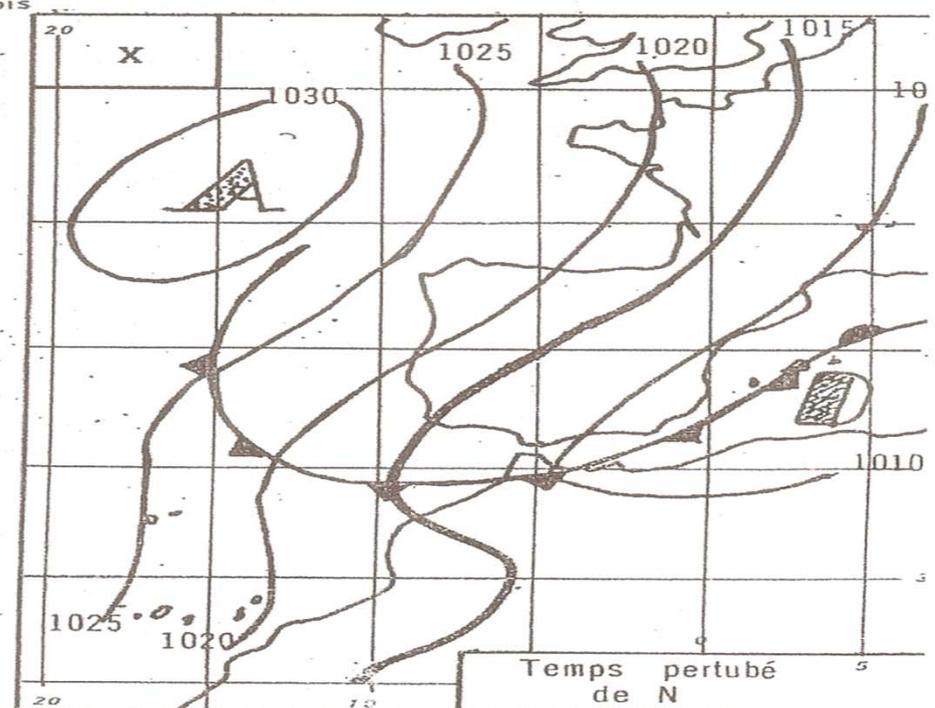
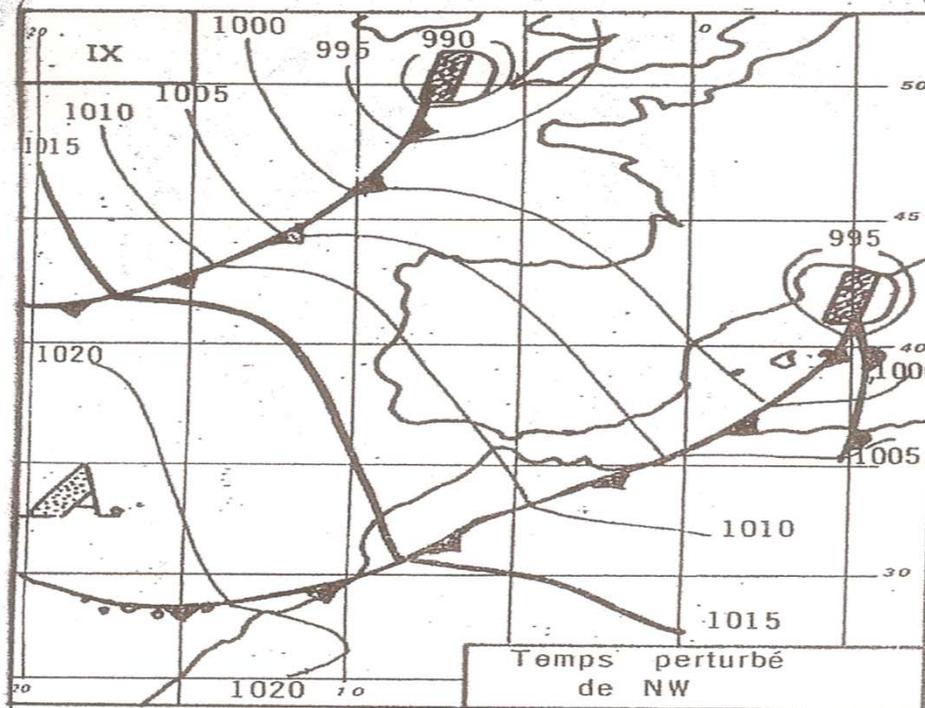
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# Weather types

## Winter Circulation





*Temperature evolution*

*Extreme events*

*Weather types* ►

Weather type	Frequency
Disturbed weather of SW	5
Dorsal axis on Morocco	4
Moroccan quasi-Stationary front	4
East regime: chergui	3
Cold front tails regime	3
NW disturbance	3
Slow mauritanian disturbance	2
Cyclogenesis on east Boreal	1

*Frequency and weather types related to rare situations of maximum temperature in 2009*



*Thank  
you*